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CIAT

MICROFILMADO

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CASSAVA . THESAURUS

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FOREWORD

It is a pleasure to introduce this thesaurus of cassava terms, presently being used by the Cassava Information Center at CIAT. A thesaurus of terms is, without a doubt, the backbone of any information analysis and retrieval system. This thesaurus is the product of a major effort made by a world authority in this field, Donald Leatherdale, whose vast experience was invaluable in structuring the numerous terms that have to be interrelated in a work such as this.

Don Leatherdale, a Program Officer in the Information Sciences Division of the International Development Research Centre in Canada, was one of the team responsible for the design and implementation of AGRIS as of 1972. Since 1974 his work has involved training people, mainly in developing countries, in AGRIS methods; developing controlled vocabularies for use with specialized agricultural information centers; and establishing regional documentation centers in different parts of the world. He soon expects to be devoting the greater part of his time to improving the retrieval capabilities of AGRIS.

Before 1972, Don Leatherdale developed the Canadian Agricultural Thesaurus for the Canadian Department of Agriculture; before that time, he worked for the Commonwealth Agricultural Bureaux and on pesticide information for Imperial Chemical Industries.

The usefulness of this work is evident not only to the Cassava Information Center at CIAT, but also to other information projects that may adapt this thesaurus to their particular needs and interests. On behalf of CIAT's information personnel I would like to express our sincere gratitude to Don Leatherdale for this major contribution to the improvement of information management.

Fernando Monge, Ph. D.
Scientific Information Center
CIAT

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INTRODUCTION

A structured vocabulary or thesaurus was considered an essential part of the system when the Cassava Information Centre was being organized at the Centro Internacional de Agricultura Tropical (CIAT) in 1973. A provisional thesaurus was therefore compiled, with three main aims in mind: firstly, it was intended to assist the input operations, by which the world's literature on cassava was being identified, acquired and abstracted; secondly, it was hoped that it would act as an efficient interface between the data base (document collection) and users; and thirdly, it was provided with a categorized section that indicated the subject scope of the Cassava Information Centre's activities.

Over the intervening four years, the thesaurus has been used as the basis for the indexing of the cassava literature, as well as for organizing retrieval strategy. Experience with it has, as had been hoped, shown up areas that were in need of extension, deletion or change. It is now stabilized; or, more truly, in as stable a state as a vocabulary can ever be expected to be; for concepts change with time and advances in knowledge bring fresh terminology in their train.

It is our hope that this presentation of the <u>Cassava Thesaurus</u> will prove useful for documentation centres other than the Cassava Information Centre. In its format, it is compatible with other thesauri developed or being developed for use in other specialized agricultural information centres, such as the <u>Thesaurus on Tropical Grain and Forage Legumes</u>, used by the International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA), and the <u>Sorghums/Millets Thesaurus</u>, which is being compiled for use at the International Crops Research Institute for Semi-Arid Tropics (ICRISAT). It is expected that these specialized thesauri will, in turn, be compatible with the controlled vocabulary, on which work will

begin shortly, for use with FAO's International Information System for the Agricultural Sciences and Technology (AGRIS).

The <u>Cassava Thesaurus</u> is divided into two sections. Section 1 is a Categorized Listing, in which the total vocabulary is broken down under thirteen subject headings indicative of the scope of the system. It should be useful as an introduction to the subject, giving as it does the main relationships among the terms. The terms themselves, hereafter referred to as "descriptors," have been chosen as being self-contained. Many of them consequently consist of several words, pre-coordination being thought to be usually preferable to post-coordination. For example, it is more convenient in this system to locate CASSAVA STARCH as an entity, rather than to retrieve CASSAVA and STARCH separately.

In the Categorized Listing, major descriptors, which are few in number, appear to the left of the page. Descriptors narrower in meaning are prefixed with a hyphen (-), and may occur at several different levels. No detail is provided in this section, except that related terms are included and prefixed with an asterisk (*). The following example has been broken down to clarify the arrangement within the Categorized Listing:

PROCESSING

- * MECHANIZATION
- * NUTRIENT LOSS

- DRYING

- * CENTRIFUGING

 * SCREENING
- SOLAR DRYING
- CENTRIFUGING

- * DRYING
- * SCREENING

PROCESSING is a <u>main descriptor</u>, having no broader term. MECHANIZATION and NUTRIENT LOSS are terms <u>related</u> to PROCESSING. (Related terms are not necessarily included within the same category; thus in this example, PROCESSING falls into Category D (Initial Processing of Cassava), whereas

MECHANIZATION is in Category M (Economics, Development and Research) and NUTRIENT LOSS is in Category K (Cassava in Relation to Animal and Human Nutrition). The categorized linking, therefore, gives cohesion to the total vocabulary. To return to a consideration of the example, DRYING and CENTRIFUGING are shown as narrower terms of PROCESSING, and SOLAR DRYING is a narrower term of DRYING. CENTRIFUGING is also shown as related to DRYING and is itself related to SCREENING. The interplay between the descriptors is thus displayed, and this format may often be of assistance to both the indexer and the enquirer.

Apart from this single advantage, the Categorized Listing is of limited application because it does not include the full array of relationships among the descriptors. These are to be found in Section 2, the Alphabetical Listing, which is the more important section of the thesaurus. The alphabetical sequence is word by word, rather than letter by letter:

CHICKWANGUE CHILE SALTPETRE CHILEAN NITRATE CHIPS

The symbols used for term relationships are those now conventionally adopted. Broader Terms, Narrower Terms and Related Terms are indicated by BT, NT and RT, respectively. The use of RT is equivalent to the instruction "See also." Some descriptors are followed by a Scope Note (SN), which is usually a brief statement qualifying or restricting the usual use of a word to the specific meaning in this vocabulary. The synonyms, quasi-synonyms or pseudo-synonyms that a chosen descriptor replaces are indicated by UF (Use for). The reciprocal statement USE is used with non-descriptors, which are printed in lower case as an additional aid for distinguishing them from descriptors, which are printed in capitals. A capital letter after all but a handful of descriptors indicates the category in which the descriptor is placed in the Categorized Listing.

The following examples should clarify these expressions for those to whom they are not yet familiar:

VIROSE	s .	C	Descriptor/Category
SN	Includes pathogens		Scope Note
UF	DISEASES (VIRUS))	Use for these synonyms
	VIRUS DISEASES	}	(non-descriptor)
BT	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	5	Broader or generic Term
NT	CASSAVA BROWN STREAK	virus)	
	CASSAVA LEAF CURL		Narrower or included
	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	J	Terms
RT	DISEASE TRANSMISSION		Related Term
Virus di	iseases	·	Non-descriptor
USE	VIROSE S		Use this descriptor

Exceptionally, a broader term may be enclosed within parentheses, as:

MANIHOT

(BT EUPHORBIACEAE)

This indicates that the term is logically there, but does not appear as a descriptor in this thesaurus. It represents a 'bridging term' between this thesaurus and a hypothetical thesaurus of wider scope.

As with the thesaurus used by the International Grain Legume Information Centre (Leatherdale, in press), certain chains of hierarchical descriptors require special mention. The descriptors concerned are exemplified by BACTERIOSES, MYCOSES, INJURIOUS INSECTS and NEMATODES, all of which are in Category C (Diseases, Pests and other Injuries of Cassava). If, for example, one were to include under INJURIOUS INSECTS all the insects that have been known to attack cassava, one would build up a list of narrower

terms of formidable length. With descriptors such as these, therefore, a Scope Note suggests that only the most important be included as narrower terms, the remainder being indexed under the general broader term. This does not, of course, prevent any user of this thesaurus from building in more complete listings if they would be required in particular circumstances.

As has already been mentioned, a thesaurus is not a static statement but rather an ever-evolving organism, reflecting the current state of knowledge. The Cassava Information Centre would welcome suggestions and comments from users of the thesaurus on terms that they consider should be added, altered or otherwise changed.

During the initial work of preparing this thesaurus, I was very efficiently aided by the documentation team at CIAT headed by Fernando Monge, in particular Angela Misas (now Mrs. James Cock) and Jorge Lopez. I was also grateful for the comments and advice tendered by James Cock and by Barry Nestel and Franklin W. Martin of the Cassava Advisory Group. It is now my pleasure to again thank Fernando Monge for those many kindnesses that have enabled the work to proceed so smoothly, and to add the name of Trudy Martinez of the Cassava Information Centre. I am also grateful to Anthony Bellotti, entomologist of the Cassava Production Systems Program at CIAT, whose timely paper with A. van Schoonhoven (in press) on the mite and insect pests of cassava has allowed the thesaurus to reflect current thinking in this area.

Donald Leatherdale Cali, August 1977

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SECTION 1

CATEGORINI D LISTING

A CASSAVA, RELATED STARCH CROPS, AND OTHER SPECIES OF MANIHOT

STARCH CROPS

- CASSAVA

* CASSAVA PRODUCTS

* MANIHOT ESCULENTA

- BITTER CASSAVA

* HCN CONTENT

- SWEET CASSAVA

* HCN CONTENT

- ALOCASIA

- AMURPHOPHALLUS

- ARRACACIA

- ARRACACIA XANTHORHIZA

- BANANA-PLANTAINS

* MUSA

- BANANAS

* MUSA

- BEANS

* PHASEOLUS VULGARIS

- BREADFRUIT

- CEREALS

- MAIZE

* MAIZE FLOUR

MAIZE MEAL

- MILLETS

* MILLET FLOUR

- RICE

* GROUND RICE

* RICE BRAN

* ROTATIONAL CROPS

- SORGHUMS

* GUINEA CORN

* SORGHUM FLOUR

- TARO

* COLOCASIA ESCULENTA

- CURCUMA

- DOLICHOS

* DOLICHOS LABLAB

- HELIANTHUS TUBEROSUS

MARANTA

- PACHYRHIZUS

- POTATOES

* POTATO FLOUR

- SAGO PALMS

* SAGO

- SWEET-POTATOES

* IPOMOEA BATATAS

* YAMS

- YAMS

* COCOYAMS

* XANTHOSOMA SAGITTIFO-

LIUM

* DIOSCOREA

* SWEET-POTATOES

MANIHOT

* TAXONOMY

* IDENTIFICATION

- MANIHOT ANGUSTILOBA

- MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS

- MANIHOT DICHOTOMA

- MANIHOT ESCULENTA

* CASSAVA

- MANIHOT GLAZIOVII

* CEARA RUBBER

* MANIHOT OIL

- MANIHOT HEPTAPHYLLA

- MANIHOT JOLYANA

- MANIHOT MELANOBASIS

- MANIHOT PIAUHYENSIS

- * MANIHOT OIL
- * PLAUHY RUBBER

- MANIHOT POHLII
- MANIHOT PRINGLEI
- MANIHOT SAXICOLA
- MANIHOT TWEEDIEANA

PLANT GEOGRAPHY

- * ECOLOGY (see below)
- * HISTORY
- * MAPS

* ECOLOGY

- * CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS
- * PESTS
- * PHENOLOGY
- * RAINFALL DATA
- * SAVANNAS
- * SOIL REQUIREMENTS
- * WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)

B CASSAVA CULTIVATION AND CULTURAL REQUIREMENTS

CULTIVATION

- * AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT
 - * MECHANIZATION
- * CULTIVATION SYSTEMS (see below)
- * HARVESTING
 - * TIMING
- * LAND PREPARATION
- * MECHANIZATION
- * CULTIVATION SYSTEMS
- * ECONOMICS

- FALLOWING

- * SOIL FERTILITY
- INTER-CROPPING
- ROTATIONAL CROPS
- * COTTON
 - * COTTONSEED CAKE
 - * COTTONSEED FLOUR
 - * COTTONSEED MEAL
- * GROUNDNUT

- * GROUNDNUT CAKE GROUNDNUT FLOUR * ECOLOGY * PLANT PHYSIOLOGY * ECOLOGY * WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT) WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT) * PLANT DEVELOPMENT
- SECONDARY CROPS
 - RUBBER
- SHIFTING CULTIVATION
- CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS
- **ECOLOGY**

RICE

- PHENOLOGY
- RAINFALL DATA

LIGHT

PHOTOPERIOD

- ILLUMINATION
- INSOLATION
- TEMPERATURE

- HOT WATER TREATMENTS
- NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
- PHOTOSYNTHESIS
- PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES
- SOIL FERTILITY

FERTILIZERS

- K

- AMMONIUM SULPHATE
- N
- CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE * Ca
 - * p

POTASH

- K
- POTASSIUM CHLORIDE * · K
- SODIUM NITRATE

- UREA	* N
- MANURES	* K * N * P
- DUNG	
- GREEN MANURES	
- CROTALARIA	
- SOIL REQUIREMENTS	* ECOLOGY * WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)
- DRAINAGE	
- SOIL AMENDMENTS	
- FERTILIZERS (see above)	
- SOIL CONDITIONERS	•
- SOIL FERTILITY	* FALLOWING * NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS * SOIL ANALYSIS
- SOIL IMPOVERISHMENT	
- SOIL MOISTURE	* WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)
- WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	* CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS * ECOLOGY * IRRIGATION * RAINFALL DATA * SOIL MOISTURE * SOIL REQUIREMENTS * TRANSPIRATION
- PLANTING	* TIMING
- SPACING	
- PLOUGHING	

- · PRUNING

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-	WEEDING		PEST CONTROL WEEDS
	- HERBICIDES	*	PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES
	- HOE ING		
-	PROPAGATION	*	PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES (see below) PLANT REPRODUCTION PROPAGATION MATERIALS (see below)
	* PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCE	ES	* HERBICIDES * PROPAGATION
	* PROPAGATION MATERIALS		* CLONES * PROPAGATION
	- CUTTINGS		* STEMS
	- SEED		* PLANT BREEDING * FRUITS * GERMINATION
	- GRAFTING	*	DISEASE TRANSMISSION
	DISEASES AND OTHER PESTS OF CA	SSA	.VA

DISEASES AND OTHER PESTS OF CASSAVA

- DEFOLIATION

PESTS	* DETERIORATION (see below)
	* ECOLOGY
	* PEST CONTROL
	* PEST DAMAGE (see be low)

- DETERIORATION * MOULDS * PESTS * STORAGE
- * PEST DAMAGE * PESTS
 - * PLANT INJURIES
- DISEASES AND PATHOGENS

 * DISEASE CONTROL

 * EPIDEMIOLOGY

 * ETIOLOGY
 - * ETIOLOGY * ISOLATION

- BACTERIOSES

* DISEASE TRANSMISSION

- CASSAVA BACTERIAL BLIGHT
- * XANTHOMONAS

- ERWINIA CASSAVAE
- PSEUDOMONAS
- XANTHOMONAS

- * CASSAVA BACTERIAL BLIGHT
- XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS
- MYCOPLASMOSES
- MYCOSES

- * DISEASE TRANSMISSION
- * MOULDS
 - * AFLATOXINS
 - * ASPERGILLUS
 - * DETERIORATION

- ALTERNARIA
- ASPERGILLUS
- * MOULDS
- CASSAVA SUPERELONGATION
- * SPHACELOMA MANIHOTICOLA
- CERCOSPORA CARIBAEA
- CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII
- CERCOSPORA VISCOSAE
- DIPLODIA
- FOMES LIGNOSUS
- FUSARIUM
- GLOEOSPORIUM MANIHOTIS
- GLOMERELLA CINGULATA
- LASIODIPLODIA
- PHOMA

- PHYTOPHTHORA DRECHSLERI
- PHYLLOSTICTA
- ROSELLINIA
- SCLEROTIUM ROLFSII
- UROMYCES MANIHOTIS
- VIROSES

- * CHLOROSIS
 - * MINERAL DEFICIENCIES
- * VECTORS (see below)
- * VIRUS INHIBITION
- * DISEASE TRANSMISSION
- * VECTORS

* DISEASE TRANSMISSION

- ALEYRODIDAE
- EUTHRIPS MANIHOTI
- CASSAVA AFRICAN MOSAIC VIRUS * MOSAIC DISEASES
- CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS
- CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS * MOSAIC DISEASES
- CASSAVA LEAF CURL * TOBACCO LEAF CURL VIRUS
- CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS * MOSAIC DISEASES
- CASSAVA VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS * MOSAIC DISEASES
- PHYSIOLOGICAL DISORDERS (PLANT) * LODGING
- NOXIOUS ANIMALS
 - INJURIOUS INSECTS

- * ENTOMOLOGY (see below)
- * VECTORS (see above)
- * ENTOMOLOGY
- * INJURIOUS INSECTS
- * INJURIOUS MITES
- * INSECT CONTROL
- * MITE CONTROL

- ALEYRODIDAE
 - BEMISIA
- ANASTREPHA PICKELI
- AONIDOMYTILUS ALBUS
- CECIDOMYIIDAE

- * GALLS
- EUDIPLOSIS BRASILIENSIS
- COELOSTERNUS GRANICOLLIS
- COELOSTERNUS MANIHOTI
- COELOSTERNUS NOTATICEPS
- COELOSTERNUS RUGICOLLIS
- ERINNYIS ALOPE
- ERINNYIS ELLO
- EUTHRIPS MANIHOTI
- LAGOCHIRUS OBSOLETUS
- LEUCOPHOLIS RORIDA
- L'ONCHAEA CHALYBEA

- * GALLS
- MICROGASTER FLAVIVENTRIS
- PHENACOCCUS
- SCIRTOTHRIPS MANIHOTI
- SILBA PENDULA
- INJURIOUS MITES

- * ENTOMOLOGY
- MONONYCHELLUS TANAJOA
- TETRANYCHUS CINNABARINUS

- TETRANYCHUS URTICAE

- NEMATODES
- RODENTS
 - RATS

- WEEDS

* WEEDING

PEST CONTROL

* PESTS

* RESISTANCE

* PLANT BREEDING

* WEEDING

- DISEASE CONTROL

- * BIOLOGICAL CONTROL
- * DISEASES AND PATHOGENS
- * BIOLOGICAL CONTROL
- * INSECT CONTROL
- * MITE CONTROL
- INSECT AGENTS
 - TRICHOGRAMMA MINUTUM .

- VIRUS INHIBITION

* VIROSES

- ANTISERA

* ANTIBODIES

- HOT WATER TREATMENTS

* TEMPERATURE

- INSECT CONTROL

- * BIOLOGICAL CONTROL (see above)
- * ENTOMOLOGY

- INSECTICIDES
- MITE CONTROL

- * BIOLOGICAL CONTROL (see above)
- * ENTOMOLOGY

- ACARICIDES
- WEEDING (see Group B above)

D INITIAL PROCESSING OF CASSAVA

THE PRODUCTION OF THE PROPERTY	
PROCESSING	* INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY * LEGAL ASPECTS * MECHANIZATION * NUTRIENT LOSS * VISCOSITY * WATER REQUIREMENTS (PROCESSING) * INDUSTRIALIZATION
- STEEPING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- WASHING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- DRYING	* CENTRIFUGING * SCREENING * DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- SOLAR DRYING	
- BOILING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- PEELING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES * RASPING
- RASPING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES * PEELING
- PULPING	* DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES * PULP
- GRINDING	
- PRESSING	
- SCREENING	* CENTRIFUGING
- CENTRIFUGING	* DRYING * SCREENING
- SILTING	

- SILTING AGENTS
 - ALUMINIUM SULPHATE

- CALCIUM CHLORIDE
- CHLORINE
- SULPHUR DIOXIDE
- SULPHURIC ACID
- FERMENTATION

- * BEVERAGES
- * BIOCHEMISTRY (see below)
- * DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- * FERMENTED PRODUCTS
- * INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY (see below)
- * BIOCHEMISTRY
- * ANIMAL NUTRITION
- * COMPOSITION
- * FERMENTATION
- * HUMAN NUTRITION
- * PHYSIOLOGY
- * TOXICOLOGY
- * INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY
 - AEROBACTER CLOACAE
 - CORYNEBACTERIUM
 - GEOTRICHUM CANDIDUM
 - RHIZOPUS STOLONIFER
- FORMIC ACID
- LACTIC ACID
- GELATINIZATION

- * ADHESIVES
- SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING
- * CASSAVA PRODUCTS
- * SMALL-SCALE EQUIPMENT
- E BREEDING AND GENETICS OF MANIHOT SPECIES AND CULTIVARS

PLANT BREEDING

- * CULTIVARS
 - * ADAPTATION

* CLONES

- * CYTOGENETICS (see below)
- * GENETICS (see below)
- * INHERITANCE
- * PLANT FERTILITY (see below)
- * RESISTANCE
 - * PEST CONTROL
- * SEED
- * SELECTION
- * TISSUE CULTURE
 - * PLANT TISSUES

- CYTOGENETICS
- * CHROMOSOMES
- * CYTOLOGY
- * GENETICS
- MICROSPOROGENESIS * POLLEN

- POLYPLOIDY
- GENETICS
- * CYTOGENETICS
- * GERMPLASM
- HETEROZYGOSIS
- PLANT FERTILITY
- * GERMINATION
- * PLANT REPRODUCTION

BACKCROSSING

* CROSSBREEDING

HYBRIDIZING

- * CROSSBREEDING
- * HYBRIDS
 - * CULTIVARS

MUTATION

* COLCHICINE

SELFING

MORPHOLOGY OF MANIHOT

PLANT ANATOMY

- * PLANT TISSUES
 - APICAL MERISTEMS

- FRUITS

CARPELS

- * FRUITING
- * SEE D

- INFLORESCENCES

- FLOWERS

* FLOWERING

- CARPELS

* FRUITS

- OVARIES
 - OVULES
- PEDICELS
- SEPALS
- STAMENS
 - ANTHERS
 - POLLEN
- * MICROSPOROGENESIS
- * POLLINATION

- LEAVES

- * CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE)
- * FOLIAGE
 - CANOPY
- * TRANSPIRATION
- * PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM
- * LEAF AREA
 - * PHOTOSYNTHESIS

- PETIOLES
- STOMATA
- PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM
- * LEAVES
- * ROOT SYSTEM
- * ROOTS
- * STEMS

- ROOT SYSTEM

- * PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM
- * ROOTS

- ROOTS

- * PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM
- * ROOT SYSTEM
- * ROOTING

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- STEMS - TUBERS	* BRANCHING * CUTTINGS * PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM * SHOOTS * WASTES * COMPOSITION * TUBER DEVELOPMENT	
- CORTEX	·	
G PHYSIOLOGY OF MANIHOT		
PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	* PLANT PIGMENTS	
- PLANT DEVELOPMENT	* DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES (see below' * PHOTOPERIOD * PLANT HEIGHT	
* DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES		
- BRANCHING	* STEMS	
- FLOWERING	* FLOWERS * MATURATION	
- FRUITING	* FRUITS	
- GERMINATION	* PLANT FERTILITY * SEED	
- ROOTING	* ROOTS	
- TILLERING		
- TUBER DEVELOPI	MENT * TUBERS	
- GROWTH		
- MATURATION	* FLOWERING	
- MORPHOGENESIS		

- PLANT REPRODUCTION

* PLANT FERTILITY

* PROPAGATION

- POLLINATION

* POLLEN

- PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES

* NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- NUTRIENT UPTAKE

* TRANSLOCATION

- PHOTOSYNTHESIS

* METABOLISM

* NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

* PLANT ASSIMILATION

* LEAF AREA

- PLANT ASSIMILATION

* PHOTOSYNTHESIS

- PLANT RESPIRATION

- TRANSPIRATION

* CANOPY

* WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)

H CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF MANIHOT

COMPOSITION

- * ANALYSIS (CHEMICAL)
- * BIOCHEMISTRY
- * NUTRITIVE VALUE
- * TUBERS

- ASH CONTENT
- CARBOHYDRATE CONTENT
 - STARCH CONTENT
 - SUGAR CONTENT
 - FRUCTOSE
 - GLUCOSE

- * CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES
- * DEXTROSE
- * GLUCOSE INDUSTRY

- MALTOSE
- SUCROSE
- DRY MATTER

- FAT CONTENT - FIBRE CONTENT - HCN CONTENT BITTER CASSAVA SWEET CASSAVA . TOXICITY MINERALS (see below) - MINERAL CONTENT **MINERALS** FEED CONSTITUENTS MINERAL DEFICIENCIES **ALUMINIUM** BORON Ca * CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE COPPER IRON - K FERTILIZERS **MANURES** POTASH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE MAGNESIUM MANGANESE MOLYBDENUM - P CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE **FERTILIZERS MANURES** AMINO ACIDS AMMONIUM SULPHATE **SODIUM** Zn

- OXALIC ACID

- PROTEIN CONTENT

* PROTEINS

- * CASSAVA CHEESE * N
- * PROTEIN ENRICHMENT
- * YEAST PRODUCTION

- AMINO ACIDS
 - ALANINE

.

* S

* LINAMARIN

- ARGININE
- CYSTEINE
- CYSTINE
- GLYCINE
- HISTIDINE
- LYSINE
- METHIONINE
- ORNITHINE
- THREONINE
- TRYPTOPHANE
- TYROSINE
- VALINE

* LOTAUSTRALIN

- VITAMIN CONTENT
 - ASCORBIC ACID
 - NICOTINIC ACID
 - VITAMIN A
 - VITAMIN B
 - RIBOFLAVIN
 - THIAMIN

- VITAMIN B12

- CYANOCOBALAMIN
- HYDROXOCOBALAMIN
- NITRITOCOBALAMIN
- WATER CONTENT

I PRODUCTS AND USES OF CASSAVA (except for livestock feeding)

CASSAVA PRODUCTS

- * CASSAVA
- * LEGAL ASPECTS
- * PRICES
- * SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING
- * TISES

- FRESH PRODUCTS
 - CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE)
- * LEAVES
- CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE)
- * DRIED TUBERS

- PROCESSED PRODUCTS

* FERMENTED PRODUCTS

- CASSAREEP

- * CONDIMENTS
- * MEAT PRESERVATION

- CASSAVA BEER

- * BEVERAGES.
- * FERMENTED PRODUCTS

- CASSAVA FLOUR

- * AGBELI KAKLO
- * CHICKWANGUE
- * FLOURS (see below)
- * FOOD PRODUCTS
- * MYSORE FLOUR (see below)

* FLOURS

- * GLUTEN
- COMPOSITE FLOURS
- * BREADS
- * FISH MEAL
 - * MEALS
- * MAIZE FLOUR

* MILLET FLOUR

	* OILSEED FLOURS * POTATO FLOUR * SORGHUM FLOUR * SOYBEAN FLOUR * WHEAT FLOUR
- MYSORE FLOUR	* GROUNDNUT FLOUR * CASSAVA FLOUR
- MAIZE FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS * MAIZE
- MILLET FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS * MILLETS
- OILSEED FLOURS	* COMPOSITE FLOURS
- COTTONSEED FLOUR	* COTTON
- GROUNDNUT FLOUR	* GROUNDNUT * MYSORE FLOUR
- POTATO FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS * POTATOES
- SORGHUM FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS * SORGHUMS
- SOYBEAN FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS
- WHEAT FLOUR	* COMPOSITE FLOURS
- CASSAVA BREAD	* BREADS
- CASAVE	
- CASSAVA CHEESE	* PROTEINS
- CASSAVA MILK	•
- TAPIOCA MACARONI	* PASTA
CASSAVA MEAL	* FEEDS AND FEEDING * GARI
- CASSAVA PASTES	

	•	
	- ATÍEKE	
	- BAMI	
	- CHICKWANGUE	* CASSAVA FLOUR
	- DUMBOI	•
	- FOOFOO	
	- LANDANG	
	- CASSAVA STARCH	* FOOD PRODUCTS * INDUSTRIAL STARCHES * MODIFIED STARCHES
	- TAPIOCAS	·
	- TAPIOCA FLAKE	S
	- TAPIOCA GRISTS	•
	- TAPIOCA PEARL	.S
	- TAPIOCA SEEDS	
	- DRIED TUBERS	* CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE) * FEEDS AND FEEDING
	- BROKEN ROOTS	* PELLETS
	- CASSAVA CHIPS	* PELLETS
	· - GAPLEK	
	- GAPLEK MEAL	* FEED CONSTITUENTS
	- PULP	* PULPING
USES		* CASSAVA PRODUCTS * PACKAGING * DISTRIBUTION
		* WASTE UTILIZATION

- FEEDS AND FEEDING (use category J)

- FERMENTED PRODUCTS

- * BREADS
- * CASSAVA BEER
- * FERMENTATION
- * * FOOD PRODUCTS
 - * GARI
 - * PROCESSED PRODUCTS

- ALCOHOL
 - ETHANOL
- YEAST PRODUCTION
- * PROTEINS

- FOOD PRODUCTS

- * CASSAVA FLOUR
- * CASSAVA STARCH
- * DEXTROSE
- * FERMENTED PRODUCTS
- * FILLERS
 - * PHARMACEUTICALS
- * HUMAN NUTRITION
- * PARTICLE SIZE
 - * INDUSTRIAL STARCHES
- * SUPPLEMENTS
 - * FEED CONSTITUENTS
 - * NUTRITIVE VALUE

- BAKERY PRODUCTS
 - BREADS

- * BREAD IMPROVERS (see below)
- * CASSAVA BREAD
- * COMPOSITE FLOURS
- * BREAD IMPROVERS
 - CALCIUM STEARYL LACTYLATE
 - SODIUM STEARYL LACTYLATE
- KAKAYAKE
- BISCUITS
- BEVERAGES

- * CASSAVA BEER
- * FERMENTATION

- CARAMEL

- CONFECTIONERIES
- COOKED STARCHES
- FOOD BINDERS
- FOOD STABILIZERS
- FOOD THICKENERS
- GARI

- * CASSAVA MEAL
- * FERMENTED PRODUCTS

- KPOKPO GARI
- FRUIT PRESERVES
- MSG
- PROTEIN ENRICHMENT
- * PROTEINS

- INDUSTRIAL STARCHES

- * CASSAVA STARCH
- * INDUSTRIALIZATION
- * PARTICLE SIZE

- ADHESIVES

- * DEXTRINS
 - * DEXTROSE
- * GELATINIZATION
- LIQUID ADHESIVES
- ROLL-DRIED ADHESIVES
- DRILLING MUDS
- GLUCOSE INDUSTRY
- PAPER INDUSTRY
- TEXTILES
- PHARMACEUTICALS

- * DEXTROSE
- * FILLERS
- * THERAPEUTANTS

- PRESERVATIVES

- MEAT PRESERVATION	* CASSAREEP
- THERAPEUTANTS	* PHARMACEUTICALS
WASTE UTILIZATION - PARTICLE BOARD	* FEEDS AND FEEDING * INDUSTRIALIZATION * WASTES
J CASSAVA IN RELATION TO ANIMAL	FEEDING
DOMESTIC ANIMALS	* FEEDS AND FEEDING
- CATTLE	
- BEEF CATTLE	
- CALVES	·
- DAIRY CATTLE	* MILK
- GOATS	
- POULTRY	* EGGS
- CHICKS	•
- SHEEP	
- LAMBS	
- SWINE	
- PIGLETS	
FEEDS AND FEEDING	* ANIMAL NUTRITION

* CASSAVA MEAL * DOMESTIC ANIMALS

* DRIED TUBERS * SUPPLEMENTS

* WASTE UTILIZATION

_	CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE)	* LEAVES
_	CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE)	* DRIED TUBERS
-	FATTENING	
-	FEED CONSTITUENTS	* BRANS * CAKES * CASSAVA FLOUR * CASSAVA MEAL * CONCENTRATES * DRIED TUBERS * GAPLEK MEAL * MEALS * MINERALS * SUPPLEMENTS
	- ALFALFA	
	- BLOOD MEAL	* MEALS
	- BONE MEAL	* MEALS
	- BREWERS GRAINS	·.
	- CACAO POD MEAL	* MEALS
	- COTTONSEED CAKE	* CAKES * COTTON
	- COTTONSEED MEAL	* COTTON * MEALS
	- COWPEA MEAL	* MEALS
	- GROUND RICE	* RICE
	- GROUNDNUT CAKE	* CAKES * GROUNDNUT
	- GUINEA CORN	* SORGHUMS
	- MAIZE MEAL	* MAIZE * MEALS

* MEALS

- MEAT MEAL

* DAIRY CATTLE

- MILK

	•
- MOLASSES	
- OATS	
- PALM-KERNEL MEAL	* MEALS
- RICE BRAN	* BRANS * RICE
- WHEAT BRAN	* BRANS
- WHEAT MEAL	* MEALS
- FEED MIXTURES	
- FINISHING	·
- FORAGE	
- PELLETS	* CASSAVA CHIPS * BROKEN ROOTS
- PROTEIN ENRICHMENT	* PROTEINS
- SILAGE	
•	
K CASSAVA IN RELATION TO ANIM	IAL AND HUMAN NUTRITION
ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY	* ANIMAL NUTRITION * TOXICOLOGY
ANIMAL NUTRITION	* ANIMAL HEALTH * ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY * BIOCHEMISTRY * COOKING * FEEDS AND FEEDING
- DIETS	* DETARY VALUE (see below)
- NUTRIENT LOSS	* NUTRITIVE VALUE * PROCESSING

- NUTRITIVE VALUE

- * DIETARY VALUE
- * NUTRIENT LOSS
- * SUPPLEMENTS

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

- * HUMAN NUTRITION
- * TOXICOLOGY

HUMAN NUTRITION

- * BIOCHEMISTRY
- * COOKING
- * FOOD PRODUCTS
- * HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

- DIETS

- * DIETARY VALUE (see below)
- * DIETARY VALUE
- * NUTRITIVE VALUE
- DIGESTIBILITY
- FOOD ENERGY
- PALATABILITY
- * ORGANOLEPTIC EXAMINATION

- MALNUTRITION

- * HUMAN HEALTH
 - * DEFICIENCY DISEASES
 - * TOXICOLOGY

- * DEFICIENCY DISEASES
- * ANIMAL HEALTH
- * CLINICAL MANIFESTATION
- * DEFICIENCIES (see below)
- * HUMAN HEALTH
- * IODINE

* DEFICIENCIES

- * DEFICIENCY DISEASES
- MINERAL DEFICIENCIES
- * CHLOROSIS
- * MINERALS

- PROTEIN DEFICIENCIES
- VITAMIN DEFICIENCIES
- HUNGER OEDEMA

- * ANAEMIA
- * CELLULAR HYDRAEMIA

- * ENDOCRINE DISORDERS
- * HEPATIC DISORDERS
- * HYPOALBUMINAE MIA

- KWASHIORKOR
- NUTRIENT LOSS

- * NUTRITIVE VALUE
- * PROCESSING

- NUTRITIVE VALUE

- * DIETARY VALUE
- * NUTRIENT LOSS
- * SUPPLEMENTS

CASSAVA TOXICITY

TOXICITY

- * ANTIDOTES
- * BIOCHEMISTRY
- * DETOXIFICATION
- * HCN CONTENT
- * TOXICOLOGY (see below)
- TOXICOLOGY

- * ANIMAL HEALTH
- * ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY
- * HUMAN HEALTH
- **HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY**
- CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS * DEFICIENCY DISEASES

 - ATAXIC NEUROPATHY
 - CRETINISM
 - ENDEMIC GOITRE
 - TOXIC OEDEMA
- HCN ABSORPTION

- * ABSORPTION
- * HCN (see below)

* HCN

- * CYANIDES
 - * THIOCYANATES
 - * IODINE
- *. CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES
- * DETOXIFICATION
- * HCN CONTENT

CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES

- * CYANOGENESIS
 - * CYANOGEN
- * GLUCOSE
- * HCN

- AMYDGALIN
- LINAMARIN

- * ALANINE
- * LIMA BEANS
- * LINAMARASE
- * RHODANESE

- LOTAUSTRALIN

* VALINE

DETOXIFICATION

- * HCN
- * HYDROLYSIS
 - * ENZYMES (see below)
- * TOXICITY

- * ENZYMES
 - LINAMARASE
- * LINAMARIN
- RHODANESE
- * LINAMARIN
- DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES
- * BOILING
- * DRYING
- * FERMENTATION
- * PEELING
- * PULPING
- * RASPING
- * STEEPING
- * WASHING

M ECONOMICS, DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

DEVELOPMENT

- * DEVELOPMENT COSTS
- * DEVELOPMENTAL RESEARCH

- CASSAVA PROGRAMS
- INDUSTRIALIZATION

- * INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY
 - * PROCESSING

- * INDUSTRIAL STARCHES
- * MECHANIZATION (see below)
- * WASTE UTILIZATION
- * WATER REQUIREMENTS (PROCESSING)
- * MECHANIZATION
- * CULTIVATION
- * PROCESSING
- * AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT

- FACTORIES

- * DISTRIBUTION
- * PRODUCTION
 - * ECONOMICS
 - * FORESTRY
 - * MARKETING
- POWER SOURCES
- INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY
- * PROCESSING
- SMALL-SCALE EQUIPMENT
- * SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING

ECONOMICS

- * CULTIVATION SYSTEMS
- * MARKETING
- * PRODUCTION (see above)
- * SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS
 - * MARKETING

- CONSUMPTION
- COSTS

- * LABOUR
- DEVELOPMENT COSTS
- * DEVELOPMENT

- INCOME
- LABOUR

* COSTS

- PRICES

- * CASSAVA PRODUCTS
- PRICE MAINTENANCE
- **MARKETING**

- * DISTRIBUTION (see below)
- * ECONOMICS

- * PRODUCTION (see above)
- * SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS
- * DISTRIBUTION
- * FACTORIES
- * PACKAGING
- * STORAGE
 - DETERIORATION

- TRADE
 - LEGAL ASPECTS

- * PROCESSING
- * CASSAVA PRODUCTS

PRODUCTIVITY

* WASTES (see below)

* WASTES

- * STEMS
- * WASTE UTILIZATION

- ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY
- STARCH PRODUCTIVITY
- TUBER PRODUCTIVITY
- RESEARCH

- * EXPERIMENT DESIGN
- DEVELOPMENTAL RESEARCH
- * DEVELOPMENT

- FIELD EXPERIMENTS
- LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS
- * LABORATORY ANIMALS
- GROWTH-CHAMBER EXPERIMENTS
- CULTURE MEDIA
- ISOLATION

* DISEASES AND PATHOGENS

- TRACERS

SECTION 2

COMPLETE ALPHABETICAL LISTING

Abscissi	ion	
USE	DEFOLIATION	
ABSORP	TION	L
RT	HCN ABSORPTION	
ACARIC	IDES .	С
UF	MITICIDES	
BT	MITE CONTROL	
Acarids		
USE	INJURIOUS MITES	•
Acarolog		
USE	ENTOMOLOGY	
Acidity		
USE	pH	
ADAPTA	ATION	E
RT	CULTIVARS	
Adhesiv	VES	I
\mathbf{UF}	GLUES	
	GUMS	
BT	INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	
NT	LIQUID ADHESIVES	
	ROLL-DRIED ADHESIVES	
RT	DEXTRINS	
	GELATINIZATION	
	CTER CLOACAE	D
BT	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	
AFLATO	DXINS	С
RT	MOULDS	
	Cassava Mosaic: Virus	
USE	CASSAVA AFRICAN MOSAIC VIRUS	
	KAKLO'	Į,
RT	CASSAVA FLOUR	

Age USE TIMING AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT В **MECHANIZATION** CULTIVATION Ahipa USE PACHYRHIZUS Ahipi USE MANIHOT ESCULENTA ALANINE Н BTAMINO ACIDS RT LINAMARIN ALCOHOL Ι BTFERMENTED PRODUCTS NT **ETHANOL** Alcohol (ethyl) USE ETHANOL C **ALE YRODIDAE** UF WHITEFLIES BTINJURIOUS INSECTS **VECTORS** NT BEMISIA ALFALFA J UF LUCERNE BT FEED CONSTITUENTS Alkalinity USE pH **ALOCASIA** SN Use only for comparative data BTSTARCH CROPS **ALTERNARIA** C BTMYCOSES Alum

USE ALUMINIUM SULPHATE

ALUMI	NIUM	Н
BT	MINERALS	
ALUMI	NIUM SULPHATE	D
UF	ALUM	
RT	SILTING AGENTS	
AMINO	ACIDS	Н
SN	Include modified amino acids and closely	7
	related compounds	
BT	PROTEIN CONTENT	
NT	ALANINE	
•	ARGININE	
	CYSTEINE	
	CYSTINE	
	GLYCINE	
	HISTIDINE	
	LYSINE	
	METHIONINE	
	ORNITHINE	
	THREONINE	
	TRYPTOPHANE	
	TYROSINE	
	VALINE	
RT	S	
AMMO	NIUM SULPHATE	В
UF		
_	FERTILIZERS	
RT		
	S .	
	PHOPHALLUS	A
SN	Use only for comparative data	
BT	STARCH CROPS	
Ampas	,	
USE	WASTES	
AMYGE	DALIN	L
SN	Use only for HCN decomposition	
BT	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
ANAEM	IIA.	K
SN	Use only in relation to cassava and	
	malnutrition	

UF ANAEMIA RT HUNGER OEDEMA ANALYSIS (CHEMICAL) H CHEMICAL ANALYSIS **CHROMATOGRAPHY** COLORIME TRY COMPOSITION RT Analysis (soil) USE SOIL ANALYSIS Analysis (statistical) USE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS C ANASTREPHA PICKELI BT INJURIOUS INSECTS Anatomy (plant) USE PLANT ANATOMY Anemia USE ANAEMIA Aneurin USE THIAMIN Animal foodstuffs USE FEEDS AND FEEDING ANIMAL HEALTH K (BT HEALTH) ANIMAL NUTRITION RT DEFICIENCY DISEASES TOXICOLOGY ANIMAL NUTRITION K UF **NUTRITION (ANIMAL)** NTDIETS NUTRIENT LOSS NUTRITIVE VALUE ANIMAL HEALTH RT ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY -**BIOCHE MISTRY** COOKING

FEEDS AND FEEDING

A	NIMAL	PHYSIOLOGY	K
	SN	Restrict to application in relation to	
		cassava, e.g. nutrition and toxicology	
	BT	PHYSIOLOGY	
		ANIMAL NUTRITION	
	***	TOXICOLOGY	
Ar	nimals	(domestic)	
		DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
	COL	DOMESTIC TIME INDO	
Δ1	NTHEF	25	\mathbf{F}
		STAMENS	_
		POLLEN	
٠	,141	POLLEN	
A 1	NTIBO	DIES	C
Δı		TOXICITY	·
	W.T.	TOXICITY	
۸ ۲	רען זייני	arte e	L
Αı	ODITE		
	R1	TOXICITY	
4 1	are reserve	24	С
ΑI	NTISEI		C
		VIRUS INHIBITION	
	RT	ANTIBODIES	
) MADO	NATIONAL AND	_
ΑU		MYTILUS ALBUS	С
		CASSAVA SCALE	
	\mathbf{BT}	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
			-
Al		MERISTEMS	F
		MERISTEMS (APICAL)	
		PLANT TISSUES	
	RT	TISSUE CULTURE	
		•	
Αı	racach		
	USE	ARRACACIA	
ΑI	RGININ		H
	BT	AMINO ACIDS	
		_	
Αı	rracac		
	SN	Ignore if not applicable to Arracacia;	
		several unrelated crops occur under	
		this name	
	USE	ARRACACIA	
ΑI	RRACA		A
		Use only for comparative data	
	UF	ARACACHA	

ARRACACHA

		ARROWROOT	
	BŢ	STARCH CROPS	
	NT	ARRACACIA XANTHORHIZA	
	10010	A CAA AAAAMAA OO AAAAA	A
•		ACIA XANTHORHIZA	A
		ARRACHA	
	ВТ	ARRACACIA	
	Arracha		
	USE	ARRACACIA XANTHORHIZA	
	Arrowr	oot	
	⋅SN	Arrowroot is used for a multitude of	
		crops. Ignore if not applicable to	
		Arracacia.	
	USE	ARRACACIA	
	A A : E : - i :	nl :Dumination	
		al illumination ILLUMINATION	
	USE	ILLUMINATION	
	Artocar	pus communis	
	USE	BREADFRUIT	
	ACCORT	BIC ACID	·H
		VITAMIN C	11
	_		
	BI	VITAMIN CONTENT	
	ASH CC	ONTENT	Н
	BT	COMPOSITION	
	ACDED	3W X VIG	C
	ASPERO		C
	BT		
	RT	MOULDS	
	Assimil	ation (plant)	
	USE	, -	
		•	
		NEUROPATHY	
	SN	,,,,,,	
	•	neuropathy with cassava involvement	
	UF	NEUROPATHY (TROPICAL ATAXIC)	
	BT	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	
	ATIEKE		I
		CASSAVA PASTES	•

Bacillus manihotis

	USE	XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS	
ВА	CKCI	ROSSING	E
	BT	PLANT BREEDING	_
		CROSSBREEDING	
Bac	eteria	(beneficial)	
		INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	
Bac	cteria	transmission	
	USE	DISEASE TRANSMISSION	
Bac	cteria	l diseases	
	USE	BACTERIOSES	
BA	CTEF	RIOSES	С
	SN	Includes pathogens. Restrict NTs to	
		important diseases or pathogens and	
		include others under this descriptor.	
	UF	BACTERIAL DISEASES	
		DISEASES (BACTERIAL)	
	\mathbf{BT}	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	
	NT	CASSAVA BACTERIAL BLIGHT	
		ERWINIA CASSAVAE	
		PSE UDOMONAS	
		XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS	
	RT	DISEASE TRANSMISSION	
Bac	teriu	m cassavae	
	USE	ERWINIA CASSAVAE	
BA	KERY	PRODUCTS	I,
	ΒT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
	NT	BREADS	
		KAKAYAKE	
		BISCUITS	
BA	MI		I
	ВТ	CASSAVA PASTES	
BA	NANA	A-PLANTAINS	A
	SN	Use only for comparative data.	
•		Avoid false analogy with Plantago	
	-	Plantains.	

COOKING-BANANAS

PLANTAINS

UF

	STARCH CROPS MUSA	
BANAN	AS	A
	Use only for comparative data	
	STARCH CROPS	
	.MUSA	
BEANS	•	A
SN	Use only for comparative data	
BT	STARCH CROPS	
RT	PHASEOLUS VULGARIS	
Beans (Lima)	
USE	LIMA BEANS	
BEEF (CATTLE	J
BT	CATTLE	
Beer (c	assava)	,
USE	CASSAVA BEER	
BEMISL	A	C
BT	ALEYRODIDAE	
BEVER	AGES ·	. 1
\mathbf{UF}	DRINKS	
BT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
RT	CASSAVA BEER	
	FERMENTATION	
Binders	•	
USE	FOOD BINDERS	
вюсне	MISTRY	D
RT	ANIMAL NUTRITION	
	COMPOSITION	
	FERMENTATION	
	HUMAN NUTRITION	
	PHYSIOLOGY	
	TOXICOLOGY	
	ICAL CONTROL	. C
UF	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
NT		
RT	DISEASE CONTROL	
	INSECT CONTROL	
	MITE CONTROL	

BISCUIT BT	rs Bakery products	I
BŢ	CASSAVA CASSAVA HCN CONTENT	A
Blends USE	FEED MIXTURES	
	MEAL FEED CONSTITUENTS MEALS	J
Board USE	PARTICLE BOARD	
	PROCESSING DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES	D
	As a processing term SCREENING	
	MEAL FEED CONSTITUENTS MEALS	J
BORON BT	MINERALS	Н
Botanica USE	d keys . IDENTIFICATION	
BRANCI BT RT		G
BRANS RT	FEED CONSTITUENTS RICE BRAN WHEAT BRAN	J
Brazilia	n manihot	

Brazilian manihot USE CASSAVA

	Bread (cassava)	
		CASSAVA BREAD	
	BREAD	IMPROVERS	I
	NT	CALCIUM STEARYL LACTYLATE	
		SODIUM STEARYL LACTYLATE	
	RT	BREADS	•
	BREAD		A
	SN	Use only for comparative data	
<u>.</u>	UF	ARTOCARPUS COMMUNIS	
·	BT	STARCH CROPS	
	BREAD	S	I
	UF	DOUGHS	
	BT	BAKERY PRODUCTS	
	RT	BREAD IMPROVERS	
		CASSAVA BREAD	•
		COMPOSITE FLOURS	
,		FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
	Breedin	g (plant)	
• .	USE	PLANT BREEDING	
	BREWE	RS GRAINS	J
•	ВТ	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
	British	gums	
	USE	DEXTRINS	
	BROKE	N ROOTS	I
	BT	DRIED TUBERS	
	RT	PELLETS	
	Brown s	streak disease	
	USE	CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS	
	Ca		Н
•	UF	CALCIUM	•
	BT	MINERALS	
•	RT	CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE	
·	CACAO	POD MEAL	J
	BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
	RT	MEALS	

CHRES		Ð
	For animal feeds, not bakery products COTTONSEED CAKE FEED CONSTITUENTS GROUNDNUT CAKE	
Calcium	1	
USE	Ca	
CALCI	M CHLORIDE	D
UF	CHLORIDE OF LIME	
RT	SILTING AGENTS	
CALCIU	IM STEARYL LACTYLATE	I
BT	BREAD IMPROVERS	
CALCIU	IM SUPERPHOSPHATE	В
	SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME	
	FERTILIZERS	
RT	Ca	
	P	
Calf		
USE	CALVES	•
Calorie	s	
	FOOD ENERGY	
Calorifi	c value	
	FOOD ENERGY	
CALVE		J
	CALF	
вт	CATTLE	
Candies		
USE	CONFECTIONERIES	
Canned	fruits	
USE	FRUIT PRESERVES	
CANOP	Y	F
_	FOLIAGE	
RT	TRANSPIRATION	•
CARAM	EL	1
	FOOD PRODUCTS	

CARBOHYDRATE CONTENT H BT COMPOSITION NT STARCH CONTENT SUGAR CONTENT CARBON DIOXIDE (No category letter) UF CO2 CARPELS \mathbf{F} BTFLOWERS RT FRUITS Carpolonchaea chalybea USE LONCHAEA CHALYBEA CASAVE Ι UF CAZABE CASSAVA BREAD BTCasleep USE CASSAREEP Cassada USE CASSAVA CASSAREEP I UF CASLEEP CASSARIPO MANIPUERA TUCUPAY BT PROCESSED PRODUCTS RT CONDIMENTS MEAT PRESERVATION Cassaripo USE CASSAREEP CASSAVA A UF BRAZILIAN MANIHOT CASSADA KASPE MANDIOCA MANIHOT (BRAZILIAN) MANIOC MANIOCA

TAPIOCA-PLANT

	UBI KETELLA	
	YUCA	
BT	STARCH CROPS	
	BITTER CASSAVA	
	SWEET CASSAVA	
RТ	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
	MANIHOT ESCULENTA	
	MINITO I EDOUDENTIA	
CASSAN	A AFRICAN MOSAIC VIRUS	С
	AFRICAN CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	_
	VIROSES	
	MOSAIC DISEASES	
1(1	MODAIC DIDEADED	
CASSAV	A BACTERIAL BLIGHT	С
	BACTERIOSES	•
	XANTHOMONAS	
1(1	AANTHOMONAD	
CASSAN	A BEER	I
· - •	BEER (CASSAVA)	•
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
	BEVERAGES	
W.I.	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
CASSAV	A BREAD .	·I
UF	·	•
0.	COUAC	
тg	CASSAVA FLOUR	
	CASAVE	
	BREADS	
N.T.	BREADS	
CASSAV	A BROWN STREAK VIRUS	С
UF		Ŭ
OF	CASSAVA STEM LESION VIRUS	
	JATROPHAVIRUS FLAVESCENS	
	MANIHOT VIRUS 2	
	. — . –	
TO (TO	STEM LESION DISEASE	
BI	VIROSES	
Caccava	caterpillar	
	ERINNYIS ELLO	
OOE	ERRIVED EDDO	
CASSAV	A CHEESE	I
	CHEESE (CASSAVA)	
	VEGETABLE CHEESE	
BT	CASSAVA FLOUR	
	FERMENTATION	
=	PROTEINS	

CASSAY	A CHIPS	I
UF	CHIPS	
BT	DRIED TUBERS	
RT	PELLETS	
CASSA	VA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS	C
UF	CASSAVA WITCHES BROOM VIRUS	
	COMMON MOSAIC	
	SUPERBROTAMENTO	
	WITCHES BROOM	
	VIROSES	
RT	MOSAIC DISEASES	
CASSAV	A FLOUR	I
	FLOUR (CASSAVA)	
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
\mathbf{NT}	CASSAVA BREAD	
	CASSAVA CHEESE	
	CASSAVA MILK	
	TAPIOCA MACARONI	
RT	AGBELI KAKLO	
	CHICKWANGUE	
	FLOURS	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
_	MYSORE FLOUR	
	hornworm	
USE	ERINNYIS ELLO	
	ı leaf crinkle	
USE	CASSAVA LEAF CURL	
	'A LEAF CURL	С
UF	CASSAVA LEAF CRINKLE	
	LEAF CURL	
	VIROSES	
RT	TOBACCO LEAF CURLS VIRUS	
CASSAV	A LEAF MEAL	
SN		
	as a feed meal, use LEAVES and	
	CASSAVA MEAL	
	A LEAVES (VEGETABLE)	I and J
SN	Young leaves as a vegetable	

\mathbf{BT}	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
	FRESH PRODUCTS	
RT	LEAVES	
CASSA	VA MEAL	I
UF	CASSAVA ROOT MEAL	
	FARINHA	
	MEAL (CASSAVA)	
	ROOT MEAL (CASSAVA)	
\mathbf{BT}	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
NT	CASSAVA PASTES	•
	LANDANG	
RT	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
	GARI	
CASSA	VA MILK	I
UF	MILK (CASSAVA)	
BT	CASSAVA FLOUR	
CASSAY	VA MOSAIC VIRUS	С
UF	CURLY-LEAF DISEASE	
	JATROPHAVIRUS MACULANS	
	MANIHOT VIRUS	
	MOSAIC DISEASE	
	OCHROSTICTA BEMISIAE	
	RUGA BEMISIAE	
\mathbf{BT}	VIROSES	
RT	MOSAIC DISEASES	
CASSAV	/A PASTES	I
UF	PASTES (CASSAVA)	
\mathbf{BT}	CASSAVA MEAL .	
NT	ATIEKE	
	BAMI	
	CHICKWANGUE	
	DUMBOI	
	FOOFOO	
Cassava	a pellets	
USE	PELLETS	
CASSAV	A PRODUCTS	I
UF	PRODUCTS (CASSAVA)	
NT	FRESH PRODUCTS	
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
RT	CASSAVA	

LEGAL ASPECTS
PRICES
SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING
USES

CASSAVA PROGRAMS

M

UF PROGRAMS (CASSAVA)

BT DEVELOPMENT

Cassava rice

USE LANDANG

Cassava root meal

USE CASSAVA MEAL

Cassava scale

USE AONIDOMYTILUS ALBUS

Cassava shoot-tip fly

USE LONCHAEA CHALYBEA

CASSAVA STARCH

Ι.

SN Care should be taken to ensure that starch is intended; confusion exists in the literature between starches and flours

UF TAPIOCA FLOUR

BT PROCESSED PRODUCTS

NT TAPIOCAS

RT FOOD PRODUCTS
INDUSTRIAL STARCHES
MODIFIED STARCHES

Cassava stem lesion virus

USE CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS

CASSAVA SUPERELONGATION

 \mathbf{C}

I and J

UF SUPERELONGATION

BT MYCOSES

RT SPHACELOMA MANIHOTICOLA

CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE)

BT FEEDS AND FEEDING

FRESH PRODUCTS

RT DRIED TUBERS

(TUBER VEGETABLES)

CASSAV	'A VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS	С	
UF	VEIN MOSAIC DISEASE		
BT	VIROSES		
RT	MOSAIC DISEASES		
	witches broom virus		
USE	CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS		
CATTL	E	J	
BT	DOMESTIC ANIMALS		
NT	BEEF CATTLE		
	CALVES		
	DAIRY CATTLE		
Cazabe			
USE	CASAVE		
CEARA	RUBBER	A	
RT	MANIHOT GLAZIOVII		
Ceara r	ubber oil		
USE	MANIHOT OIL		,
Ceara r	ubber plant		
	MANIHOT GLAZIOVII		
Cecidia			
	GALLS		
CECIDO	MYIIDAE	С	
UF			
\mathbf{BT}	INJURIOUS INSECTS		
NT	EUDIPLOSIS BRASILIENSIS		
RT	GALLS		
CELLU!	LAR HYDRAEMIA	K	
UF	HYDREMIA (CELLULAR)		
RT	HUNGER OEDEMA		
CENTR	IFUGING	D	
BT	PROCESSING		
RT	DRYING		
	SCREENING		·
CERCO	SPORA CARIBAEA	C	
\mathbf{BT}	MYCOSES		

.

Cercospora cassavae USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

Cercospora cearae USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

 \mathbf{C}

H CERCOSPORA CASSAVAE CERCOSPORA CEARAE CERCOSPORA MANIHOTICOLA CERCOSPORA MANIHOTIS CERCOSPORELLA PSEUDOIDIUM HELMINTHOSPORIUM HISPANIOLAE HELMINTHOSPORIUM MANIHOTIS MYCOSPHAERELLA MANIHOTIS SEPTOGLOEUM MANIHOTIS MYCOSES

 \mathbf{BT}

Cercospora manihoticola USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

Cercospora manihotis USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

Cercosporella pseudoidium USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

CERCOSPORA VISCOSAE BTMYCOSES

C

CEREALS

Α

SN Use only as rotational or inter crops with cassava or for comparative data

BTSTARCH CROPS

NT MAIZE MILLETS RICE SORGHUMS

Cheese (cassava)

USE CASSAVA CHEESE

Chemical analysis USE ANALYSIS (CHEMICAL)

Chemical composition USE COMPOSITION

Chemota	axonomy	
USE	TAXONOMY	
CHICKS	•	J
•	POULTRY	ŭ
CHICKW	ANGUE	I
UF	KWANGA	
BT	CASSAVA PASTES	
RT	CASSAVA FLOUR	
Chile sa	altnetre	
	SODIUM NITRATE	
CCD	ODION NIIMIL	
Chilean	nitrate	
USE	SODIUM NITRATE	•
~ 1.	•	
Chips	CAGGATTA GTTPG	
USE	CASSAVA CHIPS	
Chloride	e of lime	
USE	CALCIUM CHLORIDE	
CHLOR	NE	D
RT	SILTING AGENTS	
CHLOR	osis	С
RT		O
	VIROSES	
	, 2.0022	
Chroma	tography	
USE	ANALYSIS (CHEMICAL)	
	OSOMES	E
RT	CYTOGENETICS	
Classifi	cation (plant)	
	TAXONOMY	
CLIMAT	TIC REQUIREMENTS	В
BT		
NT		
	TEMPERATURE	
RT	ECOLOGY	
	PHENOLOGY	
	RAINFALL DATA	
	WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	

CLINIC	AL MANIFESTATIONS	L
BT	TOXICOLOGY	
NT	ATAXIC NEUROPATHY	
	CRETINISM	
	ENDEMIC GOITRE	
	TOXIC OEDEMA	
RT	DEFICIENCY DISEASES	
CLONE	S	В
RT	CULTIVARS	
	PROPAGATION MATERIALS	
CO_2		
USE	CARBON DIOXIDE	
Coco	•	
USE	TARO	
COCOY	AMS	A
UF	MALANGA	
RT	XANTHOSOMA SAGITTIFOLIUM	
	YAMS	
COELO	STERNUS GRANICOLLIS	С
вт	INJURIOUS INSECTS	•
COELO	STERNUS MANIHOTI	С
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
COELO	STERNUS NOTATICEPS	С
BT		
CORLO	STERNUS RUGICOLLIS	C
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	C
ы	HOURIOUS INDECTS	
COLCH		E
RT	MUTATION	
	richum gloeosporioides	
USE	GLOMERELLA CINGULATA	
COLOC		· A
BT	STARCH CROPS	
NT	TARO	
COLOC	ASIA ESCULENTA	A
RT	TARO	

Colorimetry USE ANALYSIS (CHEMICAL) Commerce USE TRADE Common mosaic USE CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS COMPOSITE FLOURS I UF FLOURS (MIXED) NT MYSORE FLOUR RT BREADS FISH MEAL MAIZE FLOUR MILLET FLOUR OILSEED FLOURS POTATO FLOUR SORGHUM FLOUR SOYBEAN FLOUR WHEAT FLOUR COMPOSITION Н SN Chemical composition of tubers and cassava products UF CHEMICAL COMPOSITION NT ASH CONTENT CARBOHYDRATE CONTENT DRY MATTER FAT CONTENT FIBER CONTENT HCN CONTENT MINERAL CONTENT OXALIC ACID PROTEIN CONTENT VITAMIN CONTENT WATER CONTENT RT **ANALYSIS BIOCHE MISTRY** NUTRITIVE VALUE **TUBERS** CONCENTRATES FEED CONSTITUENTS COND IMENTS

RT

CASSAREEP

CONFE	CTIONERIES	I
UF	CANDIES	
	SWEETS	
	SYRUPS	
BT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
CONSU	MPTION	M
SN	Use for actual and potential markets	
UF.	DE MAND	
	MARKET	
BT	ECONOMICS	
	(biological)	
USE	BIOLOGICAL CONTROL	
Control	(insect)	
USE	INSECT CONTROL	
Control	(mite)	
USE	MITE CONTROL	
COOKE	D STARCHES	I
BT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
COOKIN	NG	K
SN	Effects of cooking on nutritive value, not	
	utilization on recipes	
\mathbf{UF}	CUISINE	
RT	ANIMAL NUTRITION	
	HUMAN NUTRITION	
Cooking	-bananas	
USE	BANANA-PLANTAINS	
COPPE	R	Н
BT	MINERALS	
Corn		
USE	MAIZE	
CORTE	x ·	F
UF	PEEL	
BT	TUBERS	
CORYNI	EBACTERIUM	D
SN	Use only for industrial applications	
BT	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	

COSTS		M
UF	PRODUCTION COSTS	
	ECONOMICS	
	DEVELOPMENT COSTS	
	LABOUR	
G . 4		
-	e industries	
USE	SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING	
COTTO	ON .	В
SN	Use only as a rotational crop with	
	cassava	
RT	COTTONSEED CAKE	
	COTTONSEED FLOUR	
	COTTONSEED MEAL	
	ROTATIONAL CROPS	
	KOTATIONAL CROPS	
COTTC	NSEED CAKE	J
BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
RT	CAKES	
	COTTON	
СОТТО	NSEED FLOUR	I
	FLOUR (COTTONSEED)	•
	OILSEED FLOURS	
	COTTON	
KI	COTTON	
COTTO	NSEED MEAL	J
BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
RT	COTTON	
	MEALS	
Couac		
	CASSAVA BREAD	
USE	CASSAVA BREAD	
COWPE	CA MEAL	J
BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
RT	MEALS	
Cows		
	DAIRY CATTLE	
USE	DAIRT CATTLE	
CRETE	NISM	L
SN	Restrict to cassava involvement in	
	endemic congenital cretinism	
ВT	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	

Cropping systems USE CULTIVATION SYSTEMS Crops (secondary) USE SECONDARY CROPS CROSSBREEDING \mathbf{E} RTBACKCROSSING HYBRIDIZING CROTALARIA В BT GREEN MANURES Cuadrado USE MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS Cuisine USE COOKING **CULTIVARS** \mathbf{E} UF CULTIVATED VARIETIES VARIETIES RT ADAPTATION PLANT BREEDING CLONES HYBRIDS Cultivated varieties USE CULTIVARS CULTIVATION $\cdot \mathbf{B}$ UF CULTURAL PRACTICES CULTURE CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS NT NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS PLANTING PLOUGHING **PROPAGATION** PRUNING SOIL REQUIREMENTS WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT) WEEDING RTAGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT CULTIVATION SYSTEMS HARVESTING LAND PREPARATION

MECHANIZATION

CODIII	ATION SYSTEMS	В
UF	CROPPING SYSTEMS	
NT	FALLOWING	
	INTER-CROPPING	
	ROTATIONAL CROPS	
	SECONDARY CROPS	
	SHIFTING CULTIVATION	
RT	CULTIVATION	
	ECONOMICS	
Cultura	practices	
	CULTIVATION	
•		
Culture		
USE	CULTIVATION	• .
CULTU	RE MEDIA	М
вт	LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS	
		•
CURCU		. A
	Use only for comparative data	
BT	STARCH CROPS	
Curly-le	eaf disease	
•	eaf disease CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
•		
USE Cush-cu	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
USE Cush-cu	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
USE Cush-cu USE	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	В
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ash YAMS	В
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISh YAMS IGS SETTS	В.
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES	В.
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISH YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS	В.
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES	В.
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANII	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISH YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS	B
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ASh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS DES HCN	
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANII	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISH YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS	
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANIC	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ASh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS DES HCN	
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANIC	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISH YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS PES HCN THIOCYANATES	L
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANIC RT	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS DES HCN THIOCYANATES COBALAMIN VITAMIN B12	L
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANIC RT CYANO BT CYANO	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISH YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS PES HCN THIOCYANATES COBALAMIN VITAMIN B12 GEN	L
USE Cush-cu USE CUTTIN UF BT RT CYANIC RT	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS ISh YAMS IGS SETTS STAKES PROPAGATION MATERIALS STEMS DES HCN THIOCYANATES COBALAMIN VITAMIN B12 GEN HCN	L

CYANO	GENESIS	L
RT	CYANOGEN	
	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
- -	enetic glycosides	
USE	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
	GENIC GLYCOSIDES	L .
. SN	Restrict to occurrence in cassava,	
	except for information on decomposition or diminution	
UF		
01	GLUCOSIDES (CYANOGENIC)	
	GLYCOSIDES (CYANOGENIC)	
NT	AMYGDALIN	
111	LINAMARIN	• •
	LOTAUSTRALIN	
	CYANOGENESIS	
***1	GLÜCOSE	
	HCN	
	non .	
CYSTEI	NE	Н
ВТ	AMINO ACIDS	
CYSTIN	E	Н
	AMINO ACIDS	
CYTOG	ENETICS	E
NT	MICROSPOROGENESIS	
•	POLYPLOIDY	
RT	CHROMOSOMES	
	CYTOLOGY	
	GENETICS	
	PLANT BREEDING	•
CYTOL	OGY	E
	CYTOGENETICS	_
DAIRY	CATTLE	J
	cows	
	MILK COWS	
ВТ	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
	MILK	
Decortic	eation	•
	PEELING .	•
U- 2	-	•

DEFIC	ENCES	K
NT	•	
•	PROTEIN DEFICIENCIES	
	VITAMIN DEFICIENCIES	
RT	DEFICIENCY DISEASES	
DERIC	ENCY DISEASES	κ
UF		17
RT	•	
~	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	
	DEFICIENCIES	
	HUMAN HEALTH	
	IODINE	
DE EOI	IATION	C
	ABSCISSION	
_	PEST DAMAGE	
DI	PESI DAMAGE	•
DETER	IORATION	С
UF	KEEPING QUALITIES	
	SPOLIAGE	
RT	MOULDS	
	PESTS	
	STORAGE	
DETOX	IFICATION	Ĺ
NT		
RT	HCN	
	HYDROLYSIS	
	TOXICITY	
DETOX	IFICATION PROCESSES	L
BT	DETOXIFICATION	_
RT	BOILING	
	DRYING	
•	FERMENTATION	
	PEELING	
	PULPING	
	RASPING	
	STEEPING	
	WASHING	
DEVEL	OPMENT	· M
UF	POLICIES	
	WORK PLANS	
	WORK PROGRAMS	

NI	CASSAVA PROGRAMS	
	INDUSTRIALIZATION	
	SMALL-SCALE EQUIPMENT	
RT	• • • •	
	DEVELOPMENTAL RESEARCH	
Develo	pment (plant)	
USE	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
DEVE	LOPMENT COSTS	M
BT	COSTS	
RT	DEVELOPMENT	
DE VE I	LOPMENTAL RESEARCH	M
BT	RESEARCH	
RT	DEVELOPME NT	
DEVEI	LOPMENTAL STAGES	G
NT	BRANCHING	
	FLOWERING	
	FRUITING	
	GERMINATION	
	ROOTING	
	TILLERING	
	TUBER DEVELOPMENT	
RT	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
DEXTR	RINS	I
UF	BRITISH GUMS	
	WHITE DEXTRINS	
	YELLOW DEXTRINS	
RT	ADHESIVES	
	DEXTROSE	
DEXTR	ROSE	I
RT	DEXTRINS	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
	GLUCOSE	
	PHARMACEUTICALS	
DIETA	RY VALUE	к
NT	DIGESTIBILITY	
	FOOD ENERGY	
	PALATABILITY	
RT	DIETS	
	NUTRITIVE VALUE	

DIETS BT ANIMAL NUTRITION HUMAN NUTRITION RT DIETARY VALUE DIGESTIBILITY K BT DIETARY VALUE Dilophonota ello USE ERINNYIS ELLO **DIOSCORE A** DIOSCOREACEAE) (BT RT YAMS C DIPLODIA MYCOSES \mathbf{BT} Disease carriers USE VECTORS DISEASE CONTROL PEST CONTROL BT NT VIRUS INHIBITION RT BIOLOGICAL CONTROL DISEASES AND PATHOGENS Disease organisms USE DISEASE AND PATHOGENS DISEASE TRANSMISSION UF BACTERIA TRANSMISSION VIRUS TRANSMISSION RT **BACTERIOSES** GRAFTING MYCOSES **VECTORS** VIROSES Diseases (bacterial) USE BACTERIOSES Disease (fungal) USE MYCOSES Diseases (mycoplasmal) USE MYCOPLASMOSES

Diseases (virus) USE VIROSES C DISEASES AND PATHOGENS UF **PATHOGENS** PATHOLOGY (PLANT) **PHYTOPATHOLOGY** PLANT PATHOLOGY BTPESTS NT BACTERIOSES **MYCOPLASMOSES** MYCOSES PHYSIOLOGICAL DISORDERS (PLANT) **VIROSES** RT DISEASE CONTROL **EPIDEMIOLOGY ETIOLOGY ISOLATION** DISTRIBUTION M UF TRANSPORTATION RT **FACTORIES** MARKETING **PACKAGING** STORAGE Distribution (natural) USE PLANT GEOGRAPHY **DOLICHOS** Α SN Use only for comparative data STARCH CROPS BT RTDOLICHOS LABLAB DOLICHOS LABLAB Α UF LABLAB RT**DOLICHOS** DOMESTIC ANIMALS J ANIMALS (DOMESTIC) FARM ANIMALS LIVESTOCK NT CATTLE **GOATS** POULTRY

> SHEEP SWINE

FEEDS AND FEEDING

RT

Doughs		
USE	BREADS	
DRAINA	AGE	E
BT	SOIL REQUIREMENTS	
DRIE D	TUBERS	I
\mathbf{UF}	KONKONTE	
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
NT	BROKEN ROOTS	
	CASSAVA CHIPS	
	GAPLEK	
RT	CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE)	
	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
Driers		
USE	DRYING	
DRILLI	NG MUDS	1
BT	INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	
DRY M	ATTER	F
BT	COMPOSITION	
DRYING	}	Ι
_	DRIERS	
	OVENS	
BT	PROCESSING	
	SOLAR DRYING	
	CENTRIFUGING	
	DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES	
DUMBO	I	I
	CASSAVA PASTES	
DUNG		F
UF	FARMYARD MANURE	
BT ·	MANURES	
ECOLO	GY	A
RT	CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS	
	PESTS	
	PHENOLOGY	
	PLANT GEOGRAPHY	
	RAINFALL DATA	
	SAVANNAS	•
	SOIL REQUIREMENTS	
	WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	

	•	
ECONO	MICS	M
NT	CONSUMPTION	
	COSTS	
	INCOME	
	LABOUR	
	PRICES	
RT	CULTIVATION SYSTEMS	
	MARKE TING	
	PRODUCTION	
	SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS	
Dd	(h., n., n., n.)	
	(hunger)	
USE	HUNGER OEDEMA	
Edema	(toxic)	
USE	TOXIC OEDEMA	
EGGS		τ.
	POULTRY	9
	TODIKI	
Embryo	logy (plant)	
USE	MORPHOGENESIS	
E MIDIO M	ALC COURTS	Ţ,
	IIC GOITRE	ь
	Restrict to cassava involvement	
UF.	GOITER (ENDEMIC)	
	GOITRE (ENDEMIC)	
BT	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	
ENDOC	RINE DISORDERS	K
RT	HUNGER OEDEMA	•
	•	
ENERG	Y PRODUCTIVITY	M
BT	PRODUCTIVITY	
Ensilage	e.	
_	SILAGE	
		_
ENTOM		С
	ACAROLOGY	
RT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	•
	INJURIOUS MITES	
	INSECT CONTROL	
•	MITE CONTROL	
ENZYM	ES	L
NT		_

RHODANE SE RT HYDROLYSIS

EPIDE	MIOLOGY	C
RT	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	
ERINN'	YIS ALOPE	C
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
ERINN	YIS ELLO	С
UF	CASSAVA CATERPILLAR	•
	CASSAVA HORNWORM	
T) CT	DILOPHONOTA ELLO	
ВТ	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
	IA CASSAVAE	C
	BACTERIUM CASSAVAE	
BT	BACTERIOSES	
ETHAN	OL	·
UF	ALCOHOL (ETHYL)	
	ETHYL ALCOHOL	
BT	ALCOHOL	
Ethyl a	lcohol	
•	ETHANOL	
ETIOLO	OGY	С
	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	_
	LOSIS BRASILIENSIS	C
=	JATROPHOBIA BRASILIENSIS	
ВТ	CECIDOMYIDAE	
EUTHR	IPS MANIHOTI	С
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
	VECTORS	
EXPER	IMENT DESIGN	M
RT	RESEARCH	
-		
-	nentation	
USE	RESEARCH	
Exporti	ng	
USE	TRADE	•

FACTO	RIES	Ŋ	N
UF	FLOUR MILLS		
	PELLETIZING PLANTS		
	STARCH FACTORIES		
BT	INDUSTRIALIZATION		
NT	POWER SOURCES		
	DISTRIBUTION		
	PRODUCTION		
FALLO	WINC	E	2
	WING CULTIVATION SYSTEMS	4	,
	SOIL FERTILITY		
K1	SOIL PERILITY		
Farinha	Į.		
USE	CASSAVA MEAL		
Farms	animals		
USE	DOMESTIC ANIMALS		
D			
-	rd manure		
USE	DUNG		
FAT CO	ONTENT	ŀ	I
UF	FATTY ACIDS	•	
	LIPIDS		
BT	COMPOSITION		
FATTE	NINC	J	r
BT	=	9	,
ы	FEEDS AND FEEDING		
Fatty ac	eids		
USE	FAT CONTENT		
FEED (CONSTITUENTS	J	Г
BT		-	
	ALFALFA		
	BLOOD MEAL		
	BONE MEAL		
	BREWERS GRAINS		
	CACAO POD MEAL		
	COTTONSEED CAKE		
	COTTONSEED MEAL		
	COWPEA MEAL		
	GROUND RICE		
	GROUNDNUT CAKE		
	GUINEA CORN		
	MAIZE MEAL		

MEAT MEAL MILK MOLASSES OATS PALM-KERNEL MEAL RICE BRAN WHEAT BRAN WHEAT MEAL RT**BRANS** CONCENTRATES CAKES CASSAVA FLOUR CASSAVA MEAL DRIED TUBERS GAPLEK MEAL **MEALS**

FEED MIXTURES UF BLENDS BT FEEDS AND FEEDING

MINERALS SUPPLEMENTS

FEEDS AND FEEDING UF ANIMAL FOODSTUFFS FOODSTUFFS (ANIMAL) BTUSES NT CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE) CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE) **FATTENING** FEED CONSTITUENTS FEED MIXTURES FINISHING **FORAGE** PELLETS PROTEIN ENRICHMENT SILAGE

RT ANIMAL NUTRITION
CASSAVA MEAL
DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DRIED TUBERS
SUPPLEMENTS
WASTE UTILIZATION

FERMENTATION BT PROCESSING

J

J

NT	FORMIC ACID	
	LACTIC ACID	
RT	BEVERAGES	
	BIOCHEMISTRY	
	DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES	
	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	
FERM	ENTED PRODUCTS	7
	USES	I
	ALCOHOL	
	YEAST PRODUCTION	
RT		
	CASSAVA BEER	
	FERMENTATION	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
	GARI	
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
	ty (plant)	
USE	PLANT FERTILITY	
Fertilii	ty (soil)	
	SOIL FERTILITY	
ODL	SOM PERIMIT	
FERTO	LIZERS	В
ВТ		Б
	SOIL AMENDMENTS	
NT	_ · · · · — · · - · · · ·	
	CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE	
	POTASH	•
	POTASSIUM CHLORIDE	
	SODIUM NITRATE	
	UREA	
RT	K	
	N	
	P	
DID	G0.VFF.VF	
	CONTENT	. H .
ВТ	COMPOSITION	
FELD	EXPERIMENTS	М
UF	FIELD RESEARCH METHODS	
	FIELD TRIALS	
	PLOT TESTS	
BT	RESEARCH	

Field research methods
USE FIELD EXPERIMENTS

Field trials
USE FIELD EXPERIMENTS

FILLERS
RT FOOD PRODUCTS
PHARMACEUTICALS

I

FINISHING J
BT FEEDS AND FEEDING

FISH MEAL
RT COMPOSITE FLOURS
MEALS

Flakes (tapioca)
USE TAPIOCA FLAKES

Flavour
USE PALATABILITY

Floral biology
USE FLOWERING

Flour (cassava)
USE CASSAVA FLOUR

Flour (cottonseed)
USE COTTONSEED FLOUR

Flour (groundnut)
USE GROUNDNUT FLOUR

Flour (maize)
USE MAIZE FLOUR

Flour (millet)
USE MILLET FLOUR

Flour (Mysore)
USE MYSORE FLOUR

Flour (oilseed)
USE OILSEED FLOURS

Flour (USE	(potato) POTATO FLOUR	
	(sorghum)	
USE	SORGHUM FLOUR	
	(soybean) SOYBEAN FLOUR	•
Flour ((wheat)	
USE	WHEAT FLOUR	
Flour	mills	
USE	FACTORIES	
FLOUR	as	I
	COMPOSITE FLOURS	_
	MAIZE FLOUR	
	MILLET FLOUR	
	OILSEED FLOURS	
	POTATO FLOUR	
	SORGHUM FLOUR	
	SOYBEAN FLOUR	
	WHEAT FLOUR	
RT	GLUTEN	
	CASSAVA FLOUR	
Flours	(mixed)	•
	COMPOSITE FLOURS	
FLOWE	RING	G
-	DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES	_
-	FLORAL BIOLOGY	
RT	FLOWERS	
<u>-</u>	MATURATION	
FLOWE	CRS	F
BT	INFLORESCENCES	
	CARPELS	
- · -	OVARIES	
	PEDICELS	
	SEPALS	
	STAMENS	
RT	FLOWERING	
FOLIA	GE	F
NT		
RT		

FOMES	S LIGNOSUS ⁻	С
UF	UNGULINA LIGNOSA	
	WHITE THREAD DISEASE	
BT	MYCOSES	
	·	
	BINDERS	Ι
	BINDERS (FOOD)	
BT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
FOOD	ENERGY	K
	CALORIES	
	CALORIFIC VALUE	
BT	DIETARY VALUE	
	nrichment	
USE	PROTEIN ENRICHMENT	
FOOD :	PRODUCTS	I
SN	Restrict to uses of cassava, cassava	
	starch, or chemicals known to be derived	d
	from cassava	
UF	FOODS	
	STARCH (FOOD INDUSTRIES)	
ВТ	USES	
	BAKERY PRODUCTS	
-\-	BEVERAGES	
	CARAMEL	
	CONFECTIONERIES	
	· COOKED STARCHES	
	FOOD BINDERS	
	FOOD STABILIZERS	
	FOOD THICKENERS	
	GARI	
	FRUIT PRESERVES	
	MSG	
	PROTEIN ENRICHMENT	
RT	•	
1(1	CASSAVA STARCH	
	DEXTROSE	
	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
	FILLERS	
	HUMAN NUTRITION	
	PARTICLE SIZE	
	SUPPLEMENTS	
	OUL E IMPARATION	
FOOD 8	STABILIZERS	I
UF	STABILIZERS (FOOD)	

вт

FOOD PRODUCTS

FOOD	THICKENERS	Ι
UF	THICKENERS (FOOD)	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
Food v	alue	
USE	NUTRITIVE VALUE	
Foods		
USE	FOOD PRODUCTS	
Foodst	uffs (animal)	
USE	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
FOOF	0	· I
UF	FOUFOU FUFU	
вт	CASSAVA PASTES	
FORAG	Æ	J
	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
FORES	TRY	M
SN	Restrict to forest activities in relation to cassava	
RT	PRODUCTION	
FORMI	C ACID	D
BT	FERMENTATION	
Foufou	•	
USE	FOOFOO	
Fowls	•	
USE	POULTRY	
	PRODUCTS	I
UF	UNPROCESSED PRODUCTS	
BT	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
NT	CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE)	
	CASSAVA TUBERS (VEGETABLE)	
Fructifi	•	
USE	FRUITING	
FRUCT		H
BT	SUGAR CONTENT	

FRUIT	PRESERVES	I
UF	CANNED FRUITS	
	JAMS	
	PRESERVES	
BT	FOOD PRODUCTS	
FRUITI	INC.	C
	FRUCTIFICATION	G
	DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES	
•	FRUITS	
FRUITS	5	F
BT	PLANT ANATOMY	
RT	CARPELS	
	FRUITING	
	SEED	
D (
Fufu	700700	
USE	FOOFOO	
Fungal	diseases	
-	MYCOSES	
	beneficial)	
USE	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	
FUSAR	TINA	С
BT		C
ът	MICOSES	
Gall-mi	idges	
	CECIDOMYIIDAE	
GALLS	•	C
UF	CECIDIA	
RT	CECIDOMYIIDAE	
	LONCHAEA CHALYBEA	
GAPLE.	L*	1
	DRIED TUBERS	1
MAL D1	CADIEW MEALS	
NI	GAPLEK MEAL	
GAPLE	K MEAL	I
BT	GAPLEK	
	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
GARI	•	I
\mathbf{BT}	FOOD PRODUCTS	

KPOKPO GARI

NT

CASSAVA MEAL RT FERMENTED PRODUCTS **GELATINIZATION** D BT**PROCESSING** RT **ADHESIVES** Genetic improvement USE PLANT BREEDING **GENETICS** \mathbf{E} NT HETEROZYGOSIS RT PLANT BREEDING **CYTOGENETICS** GERMPLASM Geography (plant) USE PLANT GEOGRAPHY GEOTRICHUM CANDIDUM D GEOTRICIUM CANDIDE UF BT INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY Geotricium candide USE GEOTRICHUM CANDIDUM G GERMINATION BTDEVELOPMENTAL STAGES RT PLANT FERTILITY SEED GERMPLASM E RT GENETICS GLOEOSPORIUM MANIHOTIS C MYCOSES GLOMERELLA CINGULATA UF COLLETOTRICHUM GLOEOSPORIOIDES BT**MYCOSES** GLUCOSE Н BT SUGAR CONTENT RT CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES DEXTROSE GLUCOSE INDUSTRY

	SE INDUSTRY	1
BT	INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	
RT	GLUCOSE	
Glucosio	des (cyanogenic)	
USE	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
Glues	•	
	ADHESIVES	
ODE	ADILLIAND	
GLUTE	N	I
	FLOURS	1
K1	FLOURS	
or wan	! →	
GLYCIN		H
BT	AMINO ACIDS	
	des (cyanogenic)	
USE	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
GOATS		J
\mathbf{BT}	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
Goiter	(endemic)	
USE	ENDEMIC GOITRE	
Goitre ((endemic)	
	ENDEMIC GOITRE	
GRAFT	ING ·	В
	PROPAGATION	
	DISEASE TRANSMISSION	
24.1	Didding Himmonitonion	
Graters		
W_ W	RASPING	
USE	RASPING	
ODEDN	MANIMUTE C	ъ
	MANURES	В
	MANURES	
NT	CROTOLARIA	
		_
GRINDI		D
	MILLING	
BT	PROCESSING	
	(tapioca)	
USE	TAPIOCA GRISTS	

G]	ROUN	D RICE	J
	\mathbf{BT}	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
	RT	RICE	
GI	ROUN	DNUT	В
	SN	Use only as rotational crop with cassava	
	UF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	RT	GROUNDNUT CAKE	
		GROUNDNUT FLOUR	
		ROTATIONAL CROPS	
GI	ROINI	DNUT CAKE	J
		FEED CONSTITUENTS	_
		CAKES	
		GROUNDNUT	
GI	ימוזטא	DNUT FLOUR	1
C.		FLOUR (GROUNDNUT)	•
		OILSEED FLOURS	
		GROUNDNUT	
	ÙΙ	MYSORE FLOUR	
		MISORE FLOUR	
GI	ROWT		G
	вт	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
GI	ROWT	H-CHAMBER EXPERIMENTS	M
	BT	LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS	
GŢ	JINE'A	CORN	J
	BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
	RT	SORGHUMS	
Gu	ıms		
		ADHESIVES	
HA	ARVES	STING	В
	RT	CULTIVATION	
		TIMING	
нС	CN		L
	UF	HYDROGEN CYANIDE	
		PRUSSIC ACID	
	BT	CYANOGEN	
		CYANIDES	
		CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
		DETOXIFICATION	
		HCN ABSORPTION	
	•	HCN CONTENT	

HCN ABSORPTION L BT TOXICITY RT ABSORPTION HCN HCN CONTENT Н BT COMPOSITION RT BITTER CASSAVA **HCN** SWEET CASSAVA TOXICITY (HEALTH) (No category letter) NT ANIMAL HEALTH . **HUMAN HEALTH** Heat USE TEMPERATURE HELIANTHUS TUBEROSUS Use only for comparative data SN UF JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES TOPINAMBOUR STARCH CROPS BTHelminthosporium hispaniolae USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII Helminthosporium manihotis USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII HEPATIC DISORDERS K UF LIVER DISORDERS RT HUNGER OEDEMA **HERBICIDES** \mathbf{B} Do not define more narrowly UF WEEDKILLERS BT WEEDING PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES RT **HETEROZYGOSIS** E BT**GENETICS** High-protein

USE PROTEIN CONTENT

HISTIDI	NE	Н
BT	AMINO ACIDS	
HISTOR	Y .	Α
RT	PLANT GEOGRAPHY	•
_		
HOEING		В
BT	WEEDING	
TT	·	
Hogs	CURIE	
USE	SWINE	
Hormon	es (plant)	
	PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES	
0.22		
HOT WA	ATER TREATMENTS	C
BT	VIRUS INHIBITION	
RT	TEMPERATURE	
	•	
HUMAN	HEALTH	K
(BT	HEALTH)	
RT	DEFICIENCY DISEASES	
	MALNUTRITION	
	TOXICOLOGY	
TITTE AND	NUTRITION	K
	NUTRITION NUTRITION (HUMAN)	V
	DIETS (HOMAN)	
14.1	MALNUTRITION	
	NUTRIENT LOSS	
	NUTRITIVE VALUE	
RТ	BIOCHEMISTRY	
	COOKING	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	
HUMAN	PHYSIOLOGY	K
SN	Restrict to applications in relation to	
	cassava, e.g. nutrition and toxicology	
BT	PHYSIOLOGY	
RT	HUMAN NUTRITION	
	TOXICOLOGY	
UINOPT	OFDEMA	17
HUNGER	OEDEMA	K
on UF	Use only in relation to cassava diets EDEMA (HUNGER)	
OF	OFDEMA (HINGER)	

	MALNUTRITION ANAEMIA CELLULAR HYDRAEMIA ENDOCRINE DISORDERS HEPATIC DISORDERS HYPOALBUMINAEMIA	
HYBRII	DIZING	E
	PLANT BREEDING	
RT	CROSSBREEDING HYBRIDS	
HYBRII	os.	E
	CULTIVARS	D
	HYBRIDIZING	
-	nia (cellular)	
USE	CELLULAR HYDRAEMIA	
	en cyanide	
USE	HCN	
Hydrogo USE	en-ion concentration pH	
HYDRO	LYSIS	L
RT	DETOXIFICATION	ı
	ENZYMES	
	XOCOBALAMIN	Н
UF	VITAMIN B12a	
~~~	VITAMIN B12b	
ВТ	VITAMIN B12	
нүроа	LBUMINAEMIA	K
RT	HUNGER OEDEMA	
IDENTI	FICATION	A
	BOTANICAL KEYS	
RT	TAXONOMY	
	NATION .	В
	ARTIFICIAL ILLUMINATION	
ВТ	LIGHT	
Importi	ng	
_	TRADE	

Impoverishment (soil)

	USE	SOIL IMPOVERISHMENT	
IN	COME	· }	M
	BT	ECONOMICS	
IN.		RIAL MACHINERY	M
		INDUSTRIALIZATION	
	RT	PROCESSING	
IN.	DUST	RIAL MICROBIOLOGY	D
	UF	BACTERIA (BENEFICIAL)	
		FUNGI (BENEFICIAL)	
		MICROBIOLOGY (INDUSTRIAL)	
	NT	AEROBACTER CLOACAE	
	•	CORYNEBACTERIUM	
		GEOTRICHUM CANDIDUM	
		RHIZOPUS STOLONIFER	
	RT		
IN:	_	RIAL STARCHES	I
	UF	STARCH (INDUSTRIAL)	
	$\mathbf{BT}$	USES	
	NT	ADHESIVES	
		DRILLING MUDS	
		GLUCOSE INDUSTRY	
		TEXTILES	
	RT	CASSAVA STARCH	
		INDUSTRIALIZATION	
		PARTICLE SIZE	
TNI	חזוכידו	RIALIZATION	M
-	BT	DEVELOPMENT	111
		FACTORIES	
	14.1	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY	
	RT	INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	
	K I	MECHANIZATION .	
		WASTE UTILIZATION	
		WATER REQUIREMENTS (PROCESSING)	
		WATER REQUIREMENTS (PROCESSING)	
INI	FLOR	ESCENCES	F
	BŢ	PLANT ANATOMY	
	NT	FLOWERS	
INI E	गावना	'ANCE	E
		PLANT BREEDING	-
	- <del></del>		

INJURIO	DUS INSECTS	С
SN	Restrict NTs to important pests, and	
•	enter others under this descriptor	
UF	INSECT PESTS	
	INSECTS (NOXIOUS)	
BT	NOXIOUS ANIMALS	
NT	ALEYRODIDAE	
	ANASTREPHA PICKELI	
	AONIDOMYTILUS ALBUS	
	CECIDOMYIIDAE	
	COELOSTERNUS GRANICOLLIS	
	COELOSTERNUS MANIHOTI	
	COELOSTERNUS NOTATICEPS	
	COELOSTERNUS RUGICOLLIS	
	ERINNYIS ALOPE	
	ERINNYIS ELLO	
	EUTHRIPS MANIHOTI	
	LAGOCHIRUS OBSOLETUS	
	LEUCOPHOLIS RORIDA	
	LONCHAEA CHALYBEA	
•	MICROGASTER FLAVIVENTRIS	
	PHENACOCCUS	
	SCIRTOTHRIPS MANIHOTI	
	SILBA PENDULA	
RT	·ENTOMOLOGY	
	VECTORS	
INJURIO	OUS MITES	C
UF	ACARIDS	
	MITE PESTS	
	MITES (NOXIOUS)	
	NOXIOUS ANIMALS	
NT	MONONYCHELLUS TANAJOA	
	TETRANYCHUS CINNABARINUS	
	TETRANYCHUS URTICAE	
RT	ENTOMOLOGY	
Injuriou	s nematodes	
USE	NEMATODES	
INSECT	AGENTS	С
	BIOLOGICAL CONTROL	•
NT	TRICHOGRAMMA MINUTUM	
INSECT	CONTROL	С
	CONTROL (INSECT)	-
	PEST CONTROL	

NT INSECTICIDES RT BIOLOGICAL CONTROL **ENTOMOLOGY** Insect pests USE INJURIOUS INSECTS INSECTICIDES SN Do not define more narrowly BT INSECT CONTROL Insects (noxious) USE INJURIOUS INSECTS INSOLATION В UF SUNLIGHT BT LIGHT INTER-CROPPING В CULTIVATION SYSTEMS International trade USE TRADE Intoxification USE TOXICITY IODINE K RT **THIOCYANATES** DEFICIENCY DISEASES **IPOMOEA BATATAS** Α RT SWEET-POTATOES IRON Η BT **MINERALS IRRIGATION**  $\mathbf{B}$ WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT) **ISOLATION** M BT LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS RT DISEASES AND PATHOGENS Jams USE FRUIT PRESERVES

Ja	tropha	dulcis	
	USE	MANIHOT ESCULENTA	
Ja	tropho	bia brasiliensis	
	USE	EUDIPLOSIS BRASILIENSIS	
Ja	-	virus flavescens	
	USE	CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS	
Ja	~ .	virus maculans	
	USE	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
Je		em artichokes	
	USE	HELIANTHUS TUBEROSUS	
K			Н
		POTASSIUM	
		MINERALS	
	RT	FERTILIZERS	
		MANURES	
		POTASH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE	
		POTASSIUM CHLORIDE	
KA	AKAYA		I
	BT	BAKERY PRODUCTS	
Ka	spe		
	USE	CASSAVA	
Ke	eping	qualities	•
	USE	DETERIORATION	
Ko	nkonte	· . e	
		DRIED TUBERS	
KI	окро	O GARI	I
		GARI	
Kw	vanga	•	
	_	CHICKWANGUE	
ΚV	VASHI	ORKOR	K
	UF	RED BABY	
	BT	MALNUTRITION	
L	ABORA	ATORY ANIMALS	M
	RT	LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS	•

	LABOR	ATORY EXPERIMENTS	M		
	BT				
		GROWTH-CHAMBER EXPERIMENTS			
		CULTURE MEDIA			
		ISOLATION			
		TRACERS			
	RT				
		DIMONITORI MANADA			•
	Lablab				
_	USE	DOLICHOS LABLAB			
		•			
	LABOU	R	M		
	UF	MANPOWER			
		WORKERS			
	BT	ECONOMICS .			
	RT	COSTS			
		•			
	LACTIC	ACID	D		
	BT	FERMENTATION			
	Lactofla	evin	,		
		RIBOFLAVIN			
	LAGOC	HIRUS OBSOLETUS	C		
	UF	LONGICORN TWIG-BORER			
	BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS			
	LAMBS		J		
	$\mathbf{BT}$	SHEEP			
	LAND F	PREPARATION	В		
	RT	CULTIVATION			
•					
	LANDA	NG .	I		
	UF	CASSAVA RICE			
		RICE (CASSAVA)			
	BT	CASSAVA MEAL			
•	LASIOD	IPLODIA	С		
	BT	MYCOSES			
				•	
	Laws				
		LEGAL ASPECTS			
	Leaf				
		LEAVES			

LEAF A	AREA	$\mathbf{F}$
RT	LEAVES	
	PHOTOSYNTHESIS	
	_	
Leaf cu	<del></del> -	
USE	CASSAVA LEAF CURL	
Leaf st	alks	•
USE	PETIOLES	
LEAVE	S	F
= :	LEAF	•
- <del>-</del>	PLANT ANATOMY	
	PETIOLES	
MI		
Dæ	STOMATA	
КŢ	CASSAVA LEAVES (VEGETABLE)	
	FOLIAGE	
	PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM	
	LEAF AREA	
LEGAL	ASPECTS	M
UF	STANDARDS	
	REGULATIONS	
	LAWS	
	RULES	
ВT	TRADE	
	PROCESSING	
1/1	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
	CABSAVA PRODUCTS	
LE UCO	PHOLIS RORIDA	C
$\mathbf{BT}$	NJURIOUS INSECTS	
LIGHT		В
BT	CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS	
NT	ILLUMINATION	
	INSOLATION	
RT	PHOTOPERIOD	
LIMA H	Reans	L
SN		1.
DIA	Use only for information on toxic	
	principle and its decomposition or	
***	reduction	
UF	BEANS (LIMA)	
	MADAGASCAR BEANS	
RT	LINAMARIN	

LINAM	ARASE	L
UF	LINASE	
BT	ENZYMES	
RT	LINAMARIN	
LINAM	A DIN	т
	Use only for information on decompositio	_L
UF	<del>-</del>	Ц
01	PHASEOLUNATIN	
ВТ	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
	ALANINE	
	LIMA BEANS	
	LINAMARASE	
	RHODANESE	
Linase		
	LINAMARASE	
Obb	DIVAMMINICADE	
Lipids	•	
USE	FAT CONTENT	
		_
•	ADHESIVES	I
ВТ	ADHESIVES	
Liver d	isorders	
USE	HEPATIC DISORDERS	
Livesto		
USE	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
LODGIN	IG	С
	PHYSIOLOGICAL DISORDERS (PLANT)	•
	11110102001012 22012210 (4 212/1)	
LONCH	AEA CHALYBEA	С
$\mathbf{UF}$	CARPOLONCHAEA CHALYBEA	
	CASSAVA SHOOT-TIP FLY	
	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
RT	GALLS	
Longico	rn twig-borer	
_	LAGOCHRUS OBSOLETUS	
3 <b>-2</b>		
Loss of	nutrients	
USE	NUTRIENT LOSS	
Loss of	vield	
	PRODUCTIVITY	
Jul		

LOTAU	JSTRALIN	L
$\mathbf{BT}$	CYANOGENIC GLYCOSIDES	
RT	VALINE	
	•	
Lucern	ıe	
USE	ALFALFA	
LYSINI	Ξ	Н
$\mathbf{BT}$	AMINO ACIDS	
Macaro	oni (tapioca)	
	TAPIOCA MACARONI	
Madaga	ascar beans	
_	LIMA BEANS	
MAGNI	ESIUM	Н
BT	MINERALS	
MAIZE		A
SN	Use only for comparative data	
	CORN	
BT	CEREALS	÷
RT	MAIZE FLOUR	
	MAIZE MEAL	
		,
MAIZE	FLOUR	1
UF	FLOUR (MAIZE)	
BT	FLOURS	
RT	COMPOSITE FLOURS	
	MAIZE	
MAIZE	MEAL	J
$\mathbf{BT}$	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
RT	MAIZE	
	MEALS	
Malang		
USE	COCOYAMS	
	JTRITION	K
	HUMAN NUTRITION	
NT	HUNGER OEDEMA	
	KWASHIORKOR	
RT	HUMAN HEALTH	

MALTOSE Н BTSUGAR CONTENT Mandihoba USE MANIHOT GLAZIOVII Mandioca USE CASSAVA **MANGANESE** H BTMINERALS Manicoba USE MANIHOT GLAZIOVII Manicoba da Sao Francisco USE MANIHOT HEPTAPHYLLA Manicoba de Jequie USE MANIHOT DICHOTOMA Manicoba de Piauhy USE MANIHOT PIAUHYENSIS MANIHOT Α (BT EUPHORBIACEAE) NT MANIHOT ANGUSTILOBA MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS MANIHOT DICHOTOMA MANIHOT ESCULENTA MANIHOT GLAZIOVII MANIHOT HEPTAPHYLLA MANIHOT JOLYANA MANIHOT MELANOBASIS MANIHOT PLAUHYENSIS MANIHOT POHLII MANIHOT PRINGLEI MANIHOT SAXICOLA MANIHOT TWEEDIEANA RT **TAXONOMY** Manihot (Brazilian) USE CASSAVA

Manihot aipi

USE MANIHOT ESCULENTA

MANIHO	OT ANGUSTILOBA	Α
$\mathbf{BT}$	MANIHOT	•
MANIH	OT CARTHAGENENSIS	Α
UF	CUADRADO	
	XACHE	
	YUCA DEL MONTE	
•	YUQUILLA	
BT	MANIHOT	
N. A NITES	OT DICHOTOMA	А
	MANICOBA DE JEQUIE	Λ
	MANIHOT	
	MANIHOT OIL	
Д	MANIAOT OIL	
Manihot	dulcis	
USE	MANIHOT ESCULENTA	
MANIHO	OT ESCULENTA	А
	AIPI	**
Or	JATROPHA DULCIS	
	MANIHOT AIPI	
	MANIHOT DULCIS	
	MANIHOT PALMATUS	
	MANIHOT UTILISSIMA	
вт	MANIHOT	
	CASSAVA	
,_		
MANIHO	OT GLAZIOVII	A
$\mathbf{UF}$	CEARA RUBBER PLANT	
	MANDIHOBA .	
	MANICOBA	
$\mathbf{BT}$	MANIHOT	
RT	CEARA RUBBER	
	MANIHOT OIL	
MANIHO	OT HEPTAPHYLLA	· <b>A</b>
	MANICOBA DA SAO FRANCISCO	
	MANIHOT	
N/ A NITIT	OT JOLYANA	А
	MANIHOT	A
ъı	MANITOI	
MANIHO	OT MELANOBASIS	Α
BT	MANIHOT	

	OT OIL CEARA RUBBER OIL MANIHOT DICHOTOMA MANIHOT GLAZIOVII MANIHOT PIAUHYENSIS	A
	palmatus MANIHOT ESCULENTA	•
UF BT	OT PIAUHYENSIS  MANICOBA DE PIAUHY  MANIHOT  MANIHOT OIL  PIAUHY RUBBER	A
	T POHLII MANIHOT	A
MANIHO BT	T PRINGLEI MANIHOT	A
	T SAXICOLA MANIHOT	A
,	T TWEEDIEANA MANIHOT	. A
	utilissima MANIHOT ESCULENTA	
Manihot USE	virus 1 CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
Manihot USE	virus 2 CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS	
Manihoto USE	oxin LINAMARIN	
Manioc USE	CASSAVA	
Manioca USE	CASSAVA	
Manipue: USE	ra CASSAREEP	

Manpower USE LABOUR MANURES В BTNUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS NT DUNG GREEN MANURES RTK Ν P MAPS Α RT PLANT GEOGRAPHY **MARANTA** A STARCH CROPS BT Market USE CONSUMPTION **MARKETING** M NT TRADE DISTRIBUTION RT**ECONOMICS** PRODUCTION SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS **MATURATION** G PLANT DEVELOPMENT BTRT FLOWERING Meal (cassava) USE CASSAVA MEAL **MEALS** Meals other than cassava used in animal feeds with cassava BLOOD MEAL RT BONE MEAL CACAO POD MEAL COTTONSEED MEAL COWPEA MEAL FEED CONSTITUENTS FISH MEAL MAIZE MEAL MEAT MEAL PALM-KERNEL MEAL

WHEAT MEAL

MEAT BT			J
	FEED CONSTITUENTS MEALS		
MEAT :	PRESERVATION		I
	PRESERVATIVES		
	CASSAREEP		
	ical damage		
USE	PLANT INJURIES		
MECHA	NIZATION		M
RT	CULTIVATION		
	INDUSTRIALIZATION		
	PROCESSING		
	AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT		
Medicar	nents		
USE	THERAPEUTANTS		
Meriste	ms (apical)		
USE	APICAL MERISTEMS	•	
МЕТАВ	OLISM		G
RT	PHOTOSYNTHESIS		
METHIC	ONINE		Н
BT	AMINO ACIDS		
Microbi	ology (industrial)		
	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY		
MICRO	GASTER FLAVIVENTRIS		С
ВТ			
MICROS	SPOROGE NE SIS		E
BT	CYTOGENETICS		_
	POLLEN		
MILK			J
	FEED CONSTITUENTS		-
	DAIRY CATTLE		
Milk (ca	assava)		
•	CASSAVA MILK		

Milk cows USE DAIRY CATTLE MILLET FLOUR I FLOUR (MILLET) UF BT**FLOURS** RТ COMPOSITE FLOURS MILLETS MILLETS SN Use only for comparative data вт **CEREALS** RT MILLET FLOUR Milling USE GRINDING MINERAL CONTENT Η BT COMPOSITION RT MINERALS MINERAL DEFICIENCIES K BT **DEFICIENCIES** RT**CHLOROSIS** MINERALS **MINERALS** Н As nutritional requirements of cassava, man, and domestic animals ALUMINIUM NT **BORON** Ca COPPER IRON K **MAGNESIUM** MANGANESE MOLYBDENUM P S SODIUM Zn RT FEED CONSTITUENTS MINERAL CONTENT

MINERAL DEFICIENCIES

MITE (	CONTROL	C
$\mathbf{UF}$	CONTROL (MITE)	
	PEST CONTROL	
NT	ACARICIDES	
RT	BIOLOGICAL CONTROL	
	ENTOMOLOGY	
Mite pe	sts	
USE	INJURIOUS MITES	
Mites (	noxious)	
USE	INJURIOUS MITES	
Miticide	oe	
	ACARICIDES	
OBL	ACARICIDES	
MODIF	ED STARCHES	I
	CASSAVA STARCH	_
Moistur	e	
USE	WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	
MOLAS	SES	J
BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	•
Molds (		
USE	MOULDS	
MOI VD	DESILIM	Н
	DENUM MINERALS	<b>F</b> 1
ът	MINERALS	
Mononv	cheilus tanajoa	
-	MONONYCHELLUS TANAJOA	
MONON	YCHELLUS TANAJOA	C
UF	MONONYCHEILUS TANAJOA	
	MONONYCHUS TANAJOA	
	TETRANYCHUS TANAJOA	
BT	INJURIOUS MITES	
Mona	ahua tamaina	
	chus tanajoa MONONYCHELLUS TANAJOA	
USE	MONONICHELLOS INNAJOA	
Managa	lium glutamate	
	MSG	ı

		•
	- 94 -	
	· ·	
•	OGENESIS	G
UF	EMBRYOLOGY (PLANT) PLANT EMBRYOLOGY	
BT	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
	logy (plant)	
USE	PLANT ANATOMY	
Mosaic	disease	
USE	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS	
MOSAIC DISEASES		C
RT	CASSAVA AFRICAN MOSAIC VIRUS	
	CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS	
	CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS CASSAVA VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS	
	CASSAVA VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS	
MOULDS		С
UF	MOULDS (FUNGAL)	
RT	AFLATOXINS	
	ASPERGILLUS	
	DETERIORATION	
	MYCOSES	
MSG		I
	MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE	•
BŢ	FOOD PRODUCTS	
MUSA		Α
(BT	MUSACEAE)	-
RT	BANANA-PLANTAINS	
	BANANAS	
MUTAT	ION	$\mathbf{E}$
BT	PLANT BREEDING	
RT	COLCHICINE	
Mycopla	smal diseases	
USE	MYCOPLASMOSES	
MYCOP	LASMOSES	С
UF	DISEASES (MYCOPLASMAL)	
	MYCOPLASMAL DISEASES	
$\mathbf{BT}$	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	

MYCOSES C SN Includes pathogens. Restrict NTs to important diseases or pathogens, and enter others under this descriptor UF DISEASES (FUNGAL) FUNGAL DISEASES BT DISEASES AND PATHOGENS NT ALTERNARIA ASPERGILLUS CASSAVA SUPERELONGATION CERCOSPORA CARIBAEA CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII DIPLODIA FOMES LIGNOSUS **FUSARIUM** GLOEOSPORUM MANIHOTIS GLOMERELLA CINGULATA LASIODIPLODIA PHOMA PHYLLOSTICTA PHYTOPHTHORA DRECHSLERI ROSELLINIA SCLEROTIUM ROLFSH UROMYCES MANIHOTIS RT DISEASE TRANSMISSION MOULDS Mycosphaerella manihotis USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII MYSORE FLOUR I UF FLOUR (MYSORE) BTCOMPOSITE FLOURS RTGROUNDNUT FLOUR CASSAVA FLOUR (No category letter) N UF **NITROGEN** RT AMMONIUM SULPHATE **FERTILIZERS MANURES** PROTE INS SODIUM NITRATE UREA

Natural distribution

USE PLANT GEOGRAPHY

NEMA	TODES	C
UF	EELWORMS	
	INJURIOUS NEMATODES	
BT	NOXIOUS ANIMALS	
Neuro	pathy (ataxic tropical)	
USF	ATAXIC NEUROPATHY	
Niacin		
USI	E NICOTINIC ACID	
NICOT	INIC ACID	H
UF	NIACIN	
BT	VITAMIN CONTENT	
NITRI	rocobalamin	H
UF	VITAMIN B12c	
BT	VITAMIN B12	
	•	
Nitrog	en	
USE	C N	
Nomer	clature (plant)	
USE	TAXONOMY	
NOXIO	US ANIMALS	C
$\mathbf{BT}$	PESTS	
NT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
	INJURIOS MITES	
	NEMATODES	
	RODENTS	
NUTRI	ENT LOSS	K
UF	LOSS OF NUTRENT	
BT	ANIMAL NUTRITION	
	HUMAN NUTRITION	
RT	NUTRITIVE VALUE	
	PROCESSING	
	•	
NUTRI	ENT UPTAKE	G
BT	PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES	
RT	TRANSLOCATION	
Nutriti	on (animal)	
TICH:	ANIMAT MITTELTION	

## Nutrition (human) USE HUMAN NUTRITION NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS В SN Of cassava BT CULTIVATION NT **FERTILIZERS MANURES** RTPHOTOSYNTHESIS PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES SOIL FERTILITY K NUTRITIVE VALUE UF FOOD VALUE BT ANIMAL NUTRITION **HUMAN NUTRITION** RT DIETARY VALUE NUTRIENT LOSS SUPPLEMENTS J OATS BTFEED CONSTITUENTS Ochrosticta bemisiae USE CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS Oedema (hunger) USE HUNGER OEDEMA Oedema (toxic) USE TOXIC OEDEMA Ι OILSEED FLOURS UF FLOURS (OILSEED) BT**FLOURS** NT COTTONSEED FLOUR GROUNDNUT FLOUR RT COMPOSITE FLOURS ORGANOLEPTIC EXAMINATION K RT PALATABILITY H ORNITHINE BT AMINO ACIDS $\mathbf{F}$ **OVARIES**

BT FLOWERS

NT OVULES

Ovens

USE DRYING

OVULES F

BT OVARIES

OXALIC ACID H

BT COMPOSITION

Р

UF PHOSPHORUS

BT MINERALS

RT CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE

FERTILIZERS MANURES

PACHYRHIZUS A

SN Use only for comparative data

UF AHIPA

WAYAKA YAMBEAN

YAMBEAN

BT STARCH CROPS

PACKAGING M

RT DISTRIBUTION USES

PALATABILITY K

UF FLAVOUR TASTE

BT DIETARY VALUE

RT ORGANOLEPTIC EXAMINATION

PALM-KERNEL MEAL J

BT FEED CONSTITUENTS

RT MEALS

PAPER INDUSTRY I

BT INDUSTRIAL STARCHES

PARTICLE BOARD I

UF BOARD

RESIN BOARD

BT WASTE UTILIZATION

PARTICLE SIZE I SN Of starches RT FOOD PRODUCTS INDUSTRIAL STARCHES PASTA Ι RT TAPIOCA MACARONI PATENTS (No category letter) Pathogens USE DISEASES AND PATHOGENS Pathology (plant) USE DISEASES AND PATHOGENS Peanut USE GROUNDNUT Pearls (tapioca) USE TAPIOCA PEARLS F PEDICELS BTFLOWERS Peel USE CORTEX D PEELING UF DECORTICATION BT**PROCESSING** RTDETOXIFICATION PROCESSES RASPING Pelletizing plants USE FACTORIES J **PELLETS** UF CASSAVA PELLETS BT FEEDS AND FEEDING RTCASSAVA CHIPS BROKEN ROOTS C PEST CONTROL DISEASE CONTROL NT

INSECT CONTROL MITE CONTROL

RT WEEDING PESTS RESISTANCE PEST DAMAGE C NT **DEFOLIATION** RT PESTS PLANT INJURIES PESTS  $\mathbf{C}$ NT DISEASES AND PATHOGENS NOXIOUS ANIMALS WEEDS RT **DETERIORATION ECOLOGY** PEST CONTROL PEST DAMAGE **PETIOLES**  $\mathbf{F}$ UF LEAF STALKS STALKS (LEAF) BT **LEAVES** pН (No category letter) UF ACIDITY ALKALINITY HYDROGEN-ION CONCENTRATION **PHARMACE UTICALS** Ι BT USES RT DEXTROSE FILLERS THERAPE UTANTS Phaseolunatin USE LINAMARIN PHASEOLUS VULGARIS Α RT **BEANS** PHENACOCCUS C BT INJURIOUS INSECTS **PHENOLOGY**  $\mathbf{B}$ CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS **ECOLOGY** 

PLANT PHYSIOLOGY

**PHOMA** C BTMYCOSES Phosphorus USE P **PHOTOPERIOD** В RTLIGHT **PHOTOSYNTHESIS** G BT PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES RT METABOLISM NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS PLANT ASSIMILATION LEAF AREA C **PHYLLOSTICTA** BT **MYCOSES** Physical damage USE PLANT INJURIES PHYSIOLOGICAL DISORDERS (PLANT) C SN Disorders in growing plants; for physiological deterioration of stored tubers, use DETERIORATION BT DISEASES AND PATHOGENS RT LODGING Physiological processes (plant) USE PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES PHYSIOLOGY (No category letter) NT ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY **HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY** PLANT PHYSIOLOGY RT BIOCHEMISTRY Phytogeography USE PLANT GEOGRAPHY Phytomonas francai USE XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS

Phytomonas manihotis (or - us)

USE XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS

Phytopa USE	thology DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	
РНҮТО ВТ	PHTHORA DRECHSLERI MYCOSES	(
	RUBBER MANIHOT PIAUHYENSIS	A
PIGLET BT	'S SWINE	J
Pigment USE	S PLANT PIGMENTS	
Pigs USE	SWINE	
	ANATOMY ANATOMY (PLANT) MORPHOLOGY (PLANT)	I
NT	PLANT MORPHOLOGY FRUITS INFLORESCENCES LEAVES PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM	
	ROOT SYSTEM ROOTS STEMS TUBERS	
RT,	PLANT TISSUES	
UF BT	ASSIMILATION ASSIMILATION (PLANT) PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES PHOTOSYNTHESIS	C
PLANT UF	BREEDING BREEDING (PLANT) GENETIC IMPROVEMENT	E
NT	BACKCROSSING HYBRIDIZING MUTATION	
RT.	SELFING CULTIVARS CYTOGENETICS GENETICS	

INHERITANCE
PLANT FERTILITY
RESISTANCE
SEED
SELECTION
TISSUE CULTURE

PLANT	DEVELOPMENT	. (
UF ·	DEVELOPMENT (PLANT)	
BT	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
NT	GROWTH	
	MATURATION	•
	MORPHOGENESIS	
RT	DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES	
	PHOTOPERIOD	
	PLANT HEIGHT	
Plant e	mbryology	
USE	MORPHOGENESIS	:
PLANT	FERTILITY	É
UF	FERTILITY (PLANT)	
RT	PLANT BREEDING	
	GERMINATION	
	PLANT REPRODUCTION	
PLANT	GEOGRAPHY	A
UF	DISTRIBUTION (NATURAL)	
	GEOGRAPHY (PLANT)	
	NATURAL DISTRIBUTION	
	PHYTOGEOGRAPHY	
RT	ECOLOGY	
	HISTORY	
	MAPS	
PLANT-	GROWTH SUBSTANCES	E
UF	HORMONES (PLANT)	
	PLANT HORMONES	
RT	HERBICIDES	
	PROPAGATION	
PLANT	HEIGHT	. 0
RT	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
Plant ho	rmones	
USE	PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES	

PLANT	INJURIES	C
UF	MECHANICAL DAMAGE	
	PHYSICAL DAMAGE	
RT	PEST DAMAGE	
Plant m	orphology	
USE	PLANT ANATOMY	
Plant pa	athology	
USE	DISEASES AND PATHOGENS	
PLANT	PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES	G
UF	PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES (PLANT)	
	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
NT	NUTRIENT UPTAKE	
	PHOTOSYNTHESIS	
	PLANT ASSIMILATION	
	PLANT RESPIRATION	
	TRANSPIRATION	
RT	NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS	
PLANT	PHYSIOLOGY	G
$\mathbf{UF}$	PHYSIOLOGY (PLANT)	
BT	PHYSIOLOGY	
NT	PLANT DEVELOPMENT	
	PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES	
	PLANT REPRODUCTION	
RT	PLANT PIGMENTS	
PLANT	PIGMENTS	G
UF	PIGMENTS	
	XANTHOPHYLS	
RT	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
PLANT	REPRODUCTION	G
UF	REPRODUCTION (PLANT)	
	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
NT	POLLINATION	
RT	PLANT FERTILITY	
	PROPAGATION	
PLANT	RESPIRATION	G
	RESPIRATION (PLANT)	
BT	PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES	
PLANT	TISSUES	$\mathbf{F}$
	ADICAL MEDICTEMS	

RT		
	TISSUE CULTURE	
PLANT	VASCULAR SYSTEM	F
UF	VASCULAR SYSTEM (PLANT)	
BT	PLANT ANATOMY	
	LEAVES	
	ROOT SYSTEM	
	ROOTS	
	STEMS	
Plantain	s	
	BANANA-PLANTAINS	
PLANTI	NG ···	r
BT	CULTIVATION	
	SPACING	
	TIMING	
Plot tes	ts	
USE	FIELD EXPERIMENTS	
PLOUGI	HNG	E
	CULTIVATION	_
DI	COLITATION	
Poisonir	•	
USE	TOXICITY	
Policies		
USE	DEVELOPMENT	
POLLE	1	F
$\mathbf{BT}$	ANTHERS	
	MICROSPOROGENESIS	
RT	POLLINATION	
POLLIN	ATION	G
BT	PLANT REPRODUCTION	
RT	POLLEN	
POLYPI	OIDY	E
ВТ	CYTOGENETICS	
POTASH		P
$\mathbf{BT}$	FERTILIZERS	
RТ	K	

Potassi	um	
USE	K	
POTASS	SIUM CHLORIDE	E
-	FERTILIZERS	
RT	K	•
POTAT	O FLOUR	I
UF		_
BT		
RT	COMPOSITE FLOURS	
	POTATOES	
POTAT	OES	A
SN	Use only for comparative data. Do not	
	use for sweet-potatoes, q.v.	
UF	SOLANUM TUBEROSUM	
BT	STARCH CROPS	
RT	POTATO FLOUR	
POULT	RY	J
UF	CHICKENS	
	FOWLS	
BT	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
NT	CHICKS	
RT	EGGS	
POWER	SOURCES	M
BT	FACTORIES	
PRESER	RVATIVES	I
$\mathbf{BT}$	USES	
NT	MEAT PRESERVATION	
Preserv		
USE	FRUIT PRESERVES	
Presses		
USE	PRESSING	
PRESSI		D
UF	PRESSES	
	SQUEEZING	
	TIPITI	

PROCESSING

 $\mathbf{BT}$ 

PRICE	MAINTENANCE	M
BT	PRICES	
PRICES	5	M
SN	Use for cassava products and compara-	
211	tive data only	
ВТ	•	
NT		
	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
DBOCE	SSED PRODUCTS	_
BT		I
	CASSAVA PRODUCTS CASSAREEP	
NI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	CASSAVA BEER CASSAVA FLOUR	
	CASSAVA MEAL	
	CASSAVA STARCH	
	DRIED TUBERS	
חת	PULP	
RI	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
PROCE	SSING	D
SN	Processing of tubers to the manufacture	
	(but not use) of cassava products	
NT	BOILING	
	CENTRIFUGING	
	DRYING	
	FERMENTATION '	
	GELATINIZATION	
	GRINDING	
	PEELING	
	PRESSING	
	PULPING	
	RASPING	
	SCREENING	
	SILTING	
	SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING	
	STEEPING	•
	WASHING	
RT	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY	
	LEGAL ASPECTS	
	MECHANIZATION	
	NUTRIENT LOSS	
	VISCOSITY	
•	WATER REQUIREMENTS (DROCESSING)	

	applications USES	
PRODU	CTION	${f M}$
RT	ECONOMICS	
	FACTORIES	
	FORESTRY	
	MARKE TING	
Product	ion costs	
USE	COSTS	
PRODU	CTIVITY	M
	LOSS OF YIELD	
	YIELDS	
NT	ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY	
	STARCH PRODUCTIVITY	
	TUBER PRODUCTIVITY	
RT	WASTES	
Product	s (cassava)	
USE	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
PROPAG	GATION	В
$\mathbf{BT}$	CULTIVATION	
NT	GRAFTING	
RT	PLANT-GROWTH SUBSTANCES	
	PLANT REPRODUCTION	
	PROPAGATION MATERIALS	
PROPAG	GATION MATERIALS	В
NT	CUTTINGS .	
•	SEED	
RT	CLONES	•
	PROPAGATION	
PROTE	N CONTENT	Н
UF	HIGH-PROTEIN	
BT	COMPOSITION	
	AMINO ACIDS	
RT	PROTEINS	
PROTEI	N DEFICIENCIES	К
ВТ	DEFICIENCIES	
PROTEI	N ENRICHMENT	I and J
UF	FOOD ENRICHMENT	

ВТ	FEEDS AND FEEDING FOOD PRODUCTS	
RT	PROTEINS	
PROTE	INS	H
RT	CASSAVA CHEESE	
	N DDOTTEIN GONTONT	
	PROTEIN CONTENT PROTEIN ENRICHMENT	
	YEAST PRODUCTION	
PRUNIN	IG	· <b>B</b>
BT	CULTIVATION	
Prussic		
USE	HCN	
	OMONAS	C
	SAPORE MA	
ВТ	BACTERIOSES	
	monas manihotis	
USE	XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS	
PULP		I
	PROCESSED PRODUCTS	
RT	PULPING	
Pulpers		
USE	PULPING	
PULPIN		D
	PULPERS	
	PROCESSING	
RT	DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES PULP	
Radioac	tive tracers	
USE	TRACERS	
	LL DATA	В
RT	CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS	
	ECOLOGY	
	WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	
RASDIN	c ·	n

 $\mathbf{UF}$ 

GRATERS -

 $\mathbf{BT}$ PROCESSING RT **DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES** PEELING RATS C SN Rats as pests. For experimental use of rats, use LABORATORY ANIMALS BT RODENTS Red baby USE KWASHIORKOR Refuse USE WASTES Regulations USE LEGAL ASPECTS Reproduction (plant) USE PLANT REPRODUCTION RESEARCH M UF **EXPERIMENTATION** NT DEVELOPMENTAL RESEARCH FIELD EXPERIMENTS LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS RT EXPERIMENT DESIGN Resin board USE PARTICLE BOARD RESISTANCE C Restrict to resistance of cassava cultivars to adverse factors UF TOLERANCE RTPLANT BREEDING PEST CONTROL Respiration (plant) USE PLANT RESPIRATION Retting USE STEEPING RHIZOPUS STOLONIFER D

INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

BT

RHOD	ANESE	L
BT	ENZYMES	
RT	LINAMARIN	
RIBOF	LAVIN	Н
UF	LACTOFLAVIN	
	VITAMIN B2	
BT	VITAMIN B	
RICE		A
SN	Only as rotational or inter crop, or	
	for comparative data	
BT	CEREALS	
RT	GROUNDNUT RICE	
	RICE BRAN	
	ROTATIONAL CROPS	
Rice (	cassava)	
USE	LANDANG	
RICE 1	BRAN	J
BT	FEED CONSTITUENTS	
RT	BRANS	
	RICE	
RODE	NTS	С
	NOXIOUS ANIMALS	
	RATS	
•••	*****	
ROLL-	DRIED ADHESIVES	I
$\mathbf{BT}$	ADHESIVES	
Root n	neal (cassava)	
USE	CASSAVA MEAL	
		_
	SYSTEM	F
	PLANT ANATOMY	
	PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM	
•	ROOTS	
ROOTI	NG	G
BT		J
	ROOTS	
1.1		
ROOTS	\$	$\mathbf{F}$
	Use for true roots, not tubers	
	DI ANT ANATOMY	

RT PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM
ROOT SYSTEM
ROOTING

ROSELLINIA C **MYCOSES** BTROTATIONAL CROPS В BTCULTIVATION SYSTEMS RT COTTON GROUNDNUT RICE RUBBER В SN Only as a secondary crop; see also CEARA RUBBER and PIAUHY RUBBER BT SECONDARY CROPS Ruga bemisiae USE CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS Rules USE LEGAL ASPECTS Rural industries USE SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING S H UF SULFUR SULPHUR BT MINERALS RT AMINO ACIDS AMMONIUM SULPHATE SAGO Α SN Sago is sometimes erroneously used for TAPIOCAS, q.v. SAGO PALMS RT SAGO PALMS Α Use only for comparative data BTSTARCH CROPS SAGO

Saporema

USE PSEUDOMONAS

SAVAN	NAS	A
RT	ECOLOGY	
SCIRTO	THRIPS MANIHOTI	·C
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS	
	OTIUM ROLFSII	С
BT	MYCOSES	
Scratch	-co <i>c</i> o	
USE	TARO	•
SCREEI	NING	D
UF	BOLTING	
	SIFTING	
	PROCESSING	
RT	CENTRIFUGING	
Season	•	
USE	TIMING	
SECONI	DARY CROPS	В
UF	CROPS (SECONDARY)	
BT	CULTIVATION SYSTEMS	•
NT	RUBBER	
Sedimer	ntation	
USE	SILTING	
SEED		В
BT	PROPAGATION MATERIALS	D
	PLANT BREEDING	
	FRUITS	
	GERMINATION	
Cooda (		
Seeds (1	TAPIOCA SEEDS	
OSE	TAPIOCA SEEDS	
SELECT		E
RT	PLANT BREEDING	
SELFIN	G	E
BT	PLANT BREEDING	
SEPALS	3	F
	FLOWERS	_

## Septogloeum manihotis USE CERCOSPORA HENNINGSII

Setts	OVERTY OF		
USE	CUTTINGS	•	
SHEEP			ſ
	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	_	
	LAMBS		
SHIFTI	NG CULTIVATION	J	3
UF	SWIDDEN CULTIVATION		
BT	CULTIVATION SYSTEMS		
SHOOT	8	,	7
	STEMS		•
N1	SIEWS		
Sifting			
USE	SCREENING		
SILAGE		J	ſ
=	ENSILAGE		
вт	FEEDS AND FEEDING		
SILBA	PENDULA		3
BT	INJURIOUS INSECTS		
OII mr.	~	_	
SILTING	SE DIMENTATION	I	)
	PROCESSING		
		•	
NI	SILTING AGENTS		
SILTING	G AGENTS	I	)
$\mathbf{BT}$	SILTING		
RT	ALUMINIUM SULPHATE		
	CALCIUM CHLORIDE		
	CHLORIDE		
	SULPHUR DIOXIDE		
	SULPHURIC ACID		
	-SCALE EQUIPMENT	Ŋ	1
	DEVELOPMENT		
RT	SMALL-SCALE PROCESSING		
SMALL.	-SCALE PROCESSING	Γ	<b>)</b>

UF

COTTAGE MACHINERY RURAL INDUSTRIES

	$\mathbf{BT}$	PROCE SSING	
	RT	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
		SMALL-SCALE EQUIPMENT	
SC	CIO-E	CONOMIC ASPECTS	. м
		ECONOMICS	141
	11.1	MARKE TING	
		MARKE THO	
SO	DIUM		H
	вт	MINERALS	
SO	DIUM	NITRATE	В
	UF	CHILE SALTPETRE	
		CHILEAN NITRATE	
	BT	FERTILIZERS	
	NT	N	
SO	MITT	STEARYL LACTYLATE	I
50		BREAD IMPROVERS	•
	<b>D</b> 1	BILLIE EN NOVELLO	
SO		MENDMENTS	В
		SOIL REQUIREMENTS	
	NT	FERTILIZERS	
	•	SOIL CONDITIONERS	
SO	IL AN	IALYSIS	В
		ANALYSIS (SOIL)	
	RT	SOIL FERTILITY	
80	את ככ	ONDITIONERS	В
50	BT	SOIL AMENDMENTS	ь
	Бі	SOIL AMENDMENTS	
SO		ERTILITY	В
		FERTILITY (SOIL)	
		SOIL REQUIREMENTS	•
		SOIL IMPOVERISHMENT	
	RT	FALLOWING	
		NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS	
		SOIL ANALYSIS	
so	IL IM	POVERISHMENT	В
	UF	IMPOVERISHMENT (SOIL)	
	вт	SOIL FERTILITY	
SO	IL MC	DISTURE	В
		SOIL REQUIREMENTS	-
		WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	

Starch factories
USE FACTORIES

STARCH PRODUCTIVITY
BT PRODUCTIVITY

M

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

(No category letter)

UF ANALYSIS (STATISTICAL)
STATISTICAL DECISION THEORY

Statistical decision theory
USE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

**STEEPING** 

 $\mathbf{D}$ 

UF RETTING

BT PROCESSING

RT DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES

Stem lesion disease

USE CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS

STEMS

 $\mathbf{F}$ 

BT PLANT ANATOMY

RT BRANCHING

CUTTINGS

PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM

SHOOTS WASTES

STOMATA

F

BT LEAVES

STORAGE

M

UF STORED PRODUCTS
RT DETERIORATION
DISTRIBUTION

Stored products

USE STORAGE

SUCROSE

H

BT SUGAR CONTENT

SUGAR CONTENT

Н

BT CARBOHYDRATE CONTENT

NT FRUCTOSE

GLUCOSE MALTOSE SUCROSE

Sulfur

USE S

Sulphate of ammonia

USE AMMONIUM SULPHATE

Sulphur

USE S

SULPHUR DIOXIDE

D

UF SULPHUROUS ACID

RT SILTING AGENTS

SULPHURIC ACID

 $\mathbf{D}$ 

RT SILTING AGENTS

Sulphurous acid

USE SULPHUR DIOXIDE

Sun-drying

USE SOLAR DRYING

Sunlight

USE INSOLATION

Superbrotamento

USE CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS

Superelongation

USE CASSAVA SUPERELONGATION

Superphosphate of lime

USE CALCIUM SUPERPHOSPHATE

SUPPLEMENTS

I

RT FEED CONSTITUENTS FOOD PRODUCTS

NUTRITIVE VALUE

SWEET CASSAVA

4

BT CASSAVA

RT HCN CONTENT

SWEE	T-POTATOES	A
	Use only for comparative data	
BI	STARCH CROPS	
RI	IPOMOEA BATATAS	
	YAMS	
Sweet	· c	
	E CONFECTIONERIES	
US	SE CONFECTIONERIES	
Swidd	en cultivation	
US	E SHIFTING CULTIVATION	
CHILTRY	<del>n</del>	
SWIN		J
10	F HOGS	
	PIGS	
	DOMESTIC ANIMALS	
NT	PIGLETS	
Synthe	etic rice	
•	E TAPIOCA MACARONI	
-		
Syrup	s	
US	E CONFECTIONERIES	
Sveta	matics (plant)	
-	E TAXONOMY	
US	E TAXONOWI	
Taphr	rina manihoticola	
US	E SPHACELOMA MANIHOTICOLA	
Topio	on forming	
-	ca fancies	
US	E TAPIOCAS	
TAPI	OCA FLAKES	I
UF	FLAKES (TAPIOCA)	
	TAPIOCAS	
TT 1 -	a. Gauss	
_	ca flour	
US	E CASSAVA STARCH	
TAPI	OCA GRISTS	I
UF	GRISTS (TAPIOCA)	
	TAPIOCAS	
T 8 T) 7/	OCA MACARONI	•
		I
SN		nours
	producing pasta-like products	

UF	·
	SYNTHETIC RICE
BT	
RT	PASTA
TAPIO	CA PEARLS I
UF	PEARLS (TAPIOCA)
BT	TAPIOCAS
Tapioca	plant
USE	CASSAVA
TAPIO	CA SEEDS I
SN	Refers to a type of processed tapioca and
	not to the seed of cassava for which SEED
	should be used
$\mathbf{UF}$	SEEDS (TAPIOCA)
BT	TAPIOCAS
TAPIOC	CAS I
SN	Tapiocas may sometimes be erroneously
	referred to as sago, and care must
	therefore be taken in assigning that term
UF	TAPIOCA FANCIES
$\mathbf{BT}$	CASSAVA STARCH
NT	TAPIOCA FLAKES
	TAPIOCA GRISTS
	TAPIOCA PEARLS
	TAPIOCA SEEDS
TARO	А
SN	Use only for comparative data
UF	coco
	SCRATCH-COCO
BT	
RT	
Taste	
USE	PALATABILITY
<u>-</u> <del>-</del>	
TAXON	
$\mathbf{UF}$	CHEMOTAXONOMY
	CLASIFICATION (PLANT)
	NOMENCLATURE (PLANT)
	SYSTEMATICS (PLANT)
RT	IDENTIFICATION

MANIHOT

TE	EMPE	RATURE	В
	UF	HEAT	
	вт	CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS	
		HOT WATER TREATMENTS	
Τe	etrany	chus bimaculatus .	
	. •	TETRANYCHUS URTICAE	
	•		
TE	ETRAN	NYCHUS CINNABARINUS	C
	UF	TETRANYCHUS TELARIUS AUCT	
	BT	INJURIOUS MITES	
Τe	tranv	chus tanajoa	
	_	MONONYCHELLUS TANAJOA	
	<b></b>		
Τe	etranv	chus telarius auct.	
	-	TETRANYCHUS CINNABARINUS	
	COL		
$T\epsilon$	etranv	chus telarius (Linn.)	
	•	TETRANYCHUS URTICAE	
	COL		
TF	TRAN	YCHUS URTICAE	·C
		TETRANYCHUS BIMACULATUS	_
	<b>V</b> .	TETRANYCHUS TELARIUS (LINN)	
	ВT	INJURIOUS MITES	
	DI	INGUNIOUS MITES	
TI	EXTIL	rs .	I
* T		INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	•
	<b>D</b> 1	INDUSTRIAD STARCTION	
т	HERAI	PEUTANTS	I
		Medical and magical uses of cassava	•
		MEDICAMENTS	
		USES	
		PHARMACEUTICALS	
	I( I	FIARMACEOTICALS	
тı	HLAMI	N ·	Н
- 1		ANEURIN	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	01	VITAMIN B1	
	вт	VITAMIN B	
		Y I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
ፐት	nicken	ers (food)	
		FOOD THICKENERS	
	U.D		
Ti	HOCY	ANATES	L
- 1		CYANIDES	~
		IODINE	

THREC	NINE	H
BT	AMINO ACIDS	
TILLE	RING	G
	DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES	_
TIMINO	3	В
UF	AGE	
	SEASON	
RT	HARVESTING	
	PLANTING	
Tipiti		
_	PRESSING	
CDE	Tabband	
TISSUE	CULTURE	$\mathbf{E}$
	CULTURE (TISSUE)	
RT	PLANT BREEDING	
	APICAL MERISTEMS	
товас	CO LEAF CURL VIRUS	С
	CASSAVA LEAF CURL	
Tro la man		
Toleran		
USE	RESISTANCE	
Topinai	nbour	
USE	HELIANTHUS TUBEROSUS	
TOXIC	OEDE MA	L
UF	EDEMA (TOXIC)	
	OEDEMA (TOXIC)	
BT	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	
TOXICI	TV	L
UF	INTOXIFICATION	11
OF	POISONING	
NT	HCN ABSORPTION	
	ANTIBODIES	
	BIOCHEMISTRY	
	DETOXIFICATION	
	HCN CONTENT	
	TOXICOLOGY	
TOXICO		L
SN	Restrict to cassava-related toxicology	

NT CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS

	CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS	
RŢ	ANIMAL HEALTH	
	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY	
	HUMAN HEALTH	
	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	
	TOXICITY	
TRACE	RS	M
UF	RADIOACTIVE TRACERS	
BT	LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS	•
TRADE		М
	COMMERCE	
	EXPORTING	
	IMPORTING	
	INTERNATIONAL TRADE	
вт	MARKETING	
	LEGAL ASPECTS	
NI	LEGAL ASPECTS	
TRANS	LOCATION	G
RT	NUTRIENT UPTAKE	
TRANS	PIRATION	G
	PLANT PHYSIOLOGICAL PROCESSES	-
	CANOPY	
-11-	WATER REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	
Transp	ortation	
USE	DISTRIBUTION	-
TDICU	OGRAMMA MINUTUM	С
NT		C
NI	INSECT AGENTS	
TRYPT	OP HANE	Н
BT	AMINO ACIDS	
тивкр	DEVELOPMENT	G
	TUBER FORMATION	u
	DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES	
KI	TUBERS	
Tuber	formation .	
USE	TUBER DEVELOPMENT	
TUBER	PRODUCTIVITY	M
$\mathbf{BT}$	PRODUCTIVITY	

TUBER	S	$\mathbf{F}$
SN	Not to be used for true roots	
$\mathbf{BT}$	PLANT ANATOMY	
NT	CORTEX	
RT	COMPOSITION	
	TUBER DEVELOPMENT	•
Tucupay	Y	
	CASSAREEP	
TYROS	INE .	. Н
ВТ	AMINO ACIDS	
Ubi ket	ella	
USE	CASSAVA	
Ungulin	a lignosa	
USE	FOMES LIGNOSUS	
Unproce	essed products	•
USE	FRESH PRODUCTS	
UREA		В
$\mathbf{BT}$	FERTILIZERS	
RT	N .	
UROMY	CES MANIHOTIS	С
BT	MYCOSES	
USES		I
` UF	PRODUCT APPLICATIONS	
NT	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
	FERMENTED PRODUCTS	
	FOOD PRODUCTS	
	INDUSTRIAL STARCHES	
	PHARMACEUTICALS	
	PRESERVATIVES	
	THERAPEUTANTS	
RT	CASSAVA PRODUCTS	
	PACKAGING	
	WASTE UTILIZATION	
VALINE	2	Н
$\mathbf{BT}$	AMINO ACIDS	
RT	LOTAUSTRALIN	

-			
			•
			•
		,	
			•
			•

Varieties

USE CULTIVARS

Vascular system (plant)

USE PLANT VASCULAR SYSTEM

**VECTORS** 

C

UF DISEASE CARRIERS

NT ALE YRODIDAE

**EUTHRIPS MANIHOTI** 

RT DISEASE TRANSMISSION

Vegetable cheese

USE CASSAVA CHEESE

Vein mosaic disease

USE CASSAVA VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS

VIROSE S

C

SN Includes pathogens. Restrict NTs to important diseases, and enter others under this descriptor

UF DISEASES (VIRUS) VIRUS DISEASES

BT DISEASES AND PATHOGENS

NT CASSAVA AFRICAN MOSAIC VIRUS
CASSAVA BROWN STREAK VIRUS
CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS
CASSAVA LEAF CURL
CASSAVA MOSAIC VIRUS
CASSAVA VEIN MOSAIC VIRUS

RT CHLOROSIS
DISEASE TRANSMISSION
VECTORS
VIRUS INHIBITION

Virus diseases

USE VIROSES

VIRUS INHIBITION

C

BT DISEASE CONTROL

NT ANTISERA

HOT WATER TREATMENTS

RT VIROSES

Virus transmission

USE DISEASE TRANSMISSION

		·
	•	
·		
		,

VISCOS	ITY	D
SN	Of starch	
RT	PROCESSING	
VITAMI	N A	Н
BT	VITAMIN CONTENT	
VITAMI	N B	Н
BT	VITAMIN CONTENT	
NT	RIBOFLAVIN	
	THIAMIN	
	VITAMIN B12	
		•
Vitamin	B1	
USE	THIAMIN	
Vitamin	B2	
USE	RIBOFLAVIN	
VITAMI	N B12	H
BT	VITAMIN B	
NT	CYANOCOBALAMIN	
	HYDROXOCOBALAMIN	
	NITRITOCOBALAMIN	
Vitamin	B12a	
USE	HYDROXOCOBALAMIN	
Vitamin	B12b	
USE	HYDROXOCOBALAMIN	
Vitamin	B12c	
USE	NITRITOCOBALAMIN	
Vitamin	C	
USE	ASCORBIC ACID	
	N CONTENT	н
	COMPOSITION	
NT	ASCORBIC ACID	
	NICOTINIC ACID	
	VITAMIN A	
	VITAMIN B	
******		
	N DEFICIENCES	K
BT	DEFICIENCIES	

WASHIN	G	D
BT	PROCESSING	
RT	DETOXIFICATION PROCESSES	•
WASTE	UTILIZATION	I
	PARTICLE BOARD	
_	FEEDS AND FEEDING	
	INDUSTRIALIZATION	
	WASTES	
WASTES	S	M
UF	AMPAS	
	RE FUSE	
RT	PRODUCTIVITY	
	STEMS	
	WASTE UTILIZATION	
WATED	CONTENT	**
	— - —	Н
BI	COMPOSITION	
WATER	REQUIREMENTS (PLANT)	В
$\mathbf{UF}$	MOISTURE	
BT	CULTIVATION	
RT	CLIMATIC REQUIREMENTS	
	ECOLOGY	
	IRRIGATION	
	SOIL MOISTURE	
	SOIL REQUIREMENTS	
	TRANSPIRATION	
	RAINFALL DATA	
	REQUIREMENTS (PROCESSING)	D
RT	INDUSTRIALIZATION	
	PROCESSING	
Wayake	yambean	
USE	PACHYRHIZUS	
Weed co	ontrol	
USE	WEEDING	
WEEDIN	IG	В
UF	WEED CONTROL	
BT	CULTIVATION	
NT	HE RBIC IDES	
	HOEING	
RT	PEST CONTROL	
	WEEDS	

Weedkil	lers	
USE	HERBICIDES	
WEEDS		C
SN	Do not use descriptors for specific	
	weeds	
BT	PESTS	
RT	WEEDING	
WHEAT	RRAN	J
	FEED CONSTITUENTS	J
	BRANS	
7/ 1	DIANG	
WHEAT	FLOUR	I
	FLOUR (WHEAT)	^
	FLOURS	
	COMPOSITE FLOURS	
2.1	.oom onin indicate	
WHEAT	MEAL	J
	FEED CONSTITUENTS	Ū
	MEALS	
White de	extrins	
USE	DEXTRINS	
	•	
White th	read disease	
USE	FOMES LIGNOSUS	
Whiteflie	es	
USE	ALEYRODIDAE	
Witches	broom	
USE	CASSAVA COMMON MOSAIC VIRUS	
Work pla	ans .	
USE	DEVELOPMENT	
Work pr	-	
USE	DEVELOPMENT	
,		
Workers		
USE	LABOUR	
<b>37</b> - <b>3</b> 1		
Xache	MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS	
uar.	NIANIOUI CARIBAUENENSIS	

XANTHOMONAS MANIHOTIS

UF

BACILLUS MANIHOTIS

C

PHYTOMONAS FRANCAI
PHYTOMONAS MANIHOTIS (or - US)
PSEUDOMONAS MANIHOTIS
BACTERIOSES

XANTHOSOMA SAGITTIFOLIUM A
RT COCOYAMS

Yambean

BT

USE PACHYRHIZUS

Yampi

USE YAMS

YAMS A

SN Use only for comparative data

UF CUSH-CUSH YAMPI

BT STARCH CROPS

RT COCOYAMS DIOSCOREA

SWEET-POTATOES

YEAST PRODUCTION I

BT FERMENTED PRODUCTS

RT PROTEINS

Yellow dextrins

USE DEXTRINS

Yields

USE PRODUCTIVITY

Yuca

USE CASSAVA

Yuca del monte

USE MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS

Yuquilla

USE MANIHOT CARTHAGENENSIS

Zinc

USE Zn

Zn H

1

UF ZINC

BT MINERALS

# SECTION 3

## GEOGRAPHICAL INDEX

(Compiled by Jorge Lopez S.)

# Abyssinia

USE ETHIOPIA

### **AFRICA**

NT ANGOLA

CAMEROON

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

**CHAD** 

CONGO

DAHOMEY

**EGYPT** 

**ETHIOPIA** 

**GABON** 

GHANA

**GUINE A** 

IVORY COAST

KENYA

MALAGASY REPUBLIC

MOZAMBIQUE

NIGER

NIGERIA

RHODESIA

SENEGAL

SEYCHELLES

SIERRA LEONE

SUDAN

**TANZANIA** 

TOGO

**UGANDA** 

ZAIRE

## **AMERICA**

NT CARIBBEAN

CENTRAL AMERICA

NORTH AMERICA

SOUTH AMERICA

RT LATIN AMERICA

American Virgin Islands

USE VIRGIN ISLANDS (USA)

ANGOLA

BT AFRICA

RT PORTUGUESE WEST AFRICA

ARGENTINA

BT SOUTH AMERICA

ASIA

NT INDIA

**INDONE SIA** 

JAPAN

KHMER

**MALAYSIA** 

PAKISTAN

**PHILIPPINES** 

SRI LANKA

**TAIWAN** 

THAILAND

VIETNAM DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

VIETNAM REPUBLIC

Australasia

USE OCEANIA

**AUSTRALIA** 

UF COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

BT OCEANIA

RT PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

Bandunda

USE ZAIRE

BELGIUM

BT EUROPE

Berlin (East)

USE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Berlin (West)

USE GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC

BOLIVIA

BT SOUTH AMERICA

BRAZIL

UF UNITED STATES OF BRAZIL

• )

BT SOUTH AMERICA

# **BRITISH HONDURAS**

UF HONDURAS (BRITISH)

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

RT UNITED KINGDOM

## Cambodia

USE KHMER

### CAMEROON

UF CAMEROUN

BT AFRICA

#### Cameroun

USE CAMEROON

### CANADA

BT NORTH AMERICA

# CANARY ISLANDS

BT EUROPE

RT SPAIN

## **CARIBBEAN**

BT AMERICA

NT CUBA

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

**GUADELOUPE** 

HAITI

**JAMAICA** 

NETHERLANDS ANTILLES

PUERTO RICO

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

VIRGIN ISLANDS (USA)

WEST INDIES ASSOCIATED STATES

RT LATIN AMERICA

# CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

BT AFRICA

## CENTRAL AMERICA

BT AMERICA

NT BRITISH HONDURAS

COSTA RICA

EL SALVADOR

**GUATEMALA** 

HONDURAS

**NICARAGUA** 

PANAMA

RT LATIN AMERICA

Ceylon

USE SRI LANKA

CHAD

UF TCHAD

BT AFRICA

CHILE

BT SOUTH AMERICA .

China (Taiwan)

USE TAIWAN

**COLOMBIA** 

BT SOUTH AMERICA

Commonwealth of Australia

USE AUSTRALIA

CONGO

UF CONGO (BRAZZAVILLE)

MIDDLE CONGO

BT AFRICA

Congo (Brazzaville)

USE CONGO

Congo Democratic Republic.

USE ZAIRE

Congo (Kinshasa)

USE ZAIRE

Congo (Leopoldville)

USE ZAIRE

Congo Orientale

USE ZAIRE

COSTA RICA

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

CUBA

BT CARIBBEAN

DAHOMEY

BT AFRICA

DBR

USE GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC

DDR

USE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Djawa

USE JAVA

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC BT CARIBBEAN

East Berlin

USE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Eastern Germany

USE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

**ECUADOR** 

BT SOUTH AMERICA

**EGYPT** 

UF UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC

BT AFRICA

EL SALVADOR

UF SALVADOR

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

**ENGLAND** 

BT UNITED KINGDOM

Equateur

USE ZAIRE

**EUROPE** 

(BT EURASIA)

NT BELGIUM

CANARY ISLANDS

FRANCE

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC

**GIBRALTAR** 

ITALY

NETHERLANDS SWEDEN UNITED KINGDOM

# ETHIOPIA

UF ABYSSINIA

BT AFRICA

FUI

BT OCEANIA

Formosa

USE TAIWAN

FRANCE

BT EUROPE

RT FRENCH GUIANA

REUNION

FRENCH GUIANA

BT SOUTH AMERICA

RT FRANCE

**GUIANAS** 

GABON

BT AFRICA

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

UF BERLIN (EAST)

**DDR** 

EAST BERLIN

EASTERN GERMANY

BT EUROPE

GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC

UF BERLIN (WEST)

**DBR** 

WEST BERLIN

WESTERN GERMANY

BT EUROPE

GHANA

BT AFRICA

**GIBRALTAR** 

BT EUROPE

RT UNITED KINGDOM

**GUADELOUPE** 

BT CARIBBEAN

GUATEMALA

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

**GUIANAS** 

RT FRENCH GUIANA

GUYANA

SURINAM

GUINEA

BT AFRICA

**GUYANA** 

BT SOUTH AMERICA

RT GUIANAS

HAITI

BT CARIBBEAN

Holland

USE NETHERLANDS

HONDURAS

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

Honduras (British)

USE BRITISH HONDURAS

INDIA

BT ASIA

INDOCHINA

RT KHMER

VIETNAM DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

VIETNAM REPUBLIC

**INDONESIA** 

BT ASIA

NT JAVA

ITALY

BT EUROPE,

IVORY COAST

BT AFRICA

**JAMAICA** 

BT CARIBBEAN

**JAPAN** 

BT ASIA

**JAVA** 

UF DJAWA

BT INDONESIA

Kasai

USE ZAIRE

Katanga

USE ZAIRE

KENYA

BT AFRICA

KHMER

UF CAMBODIA

BT ASIA

RT INDOCHINA

Kinshasa

USE ZAIRE

Kivu

USE ZAIRE

LATIN AMERICA

RT AMERICA

CARIBBEAN

CENTRAL AMERICA

**MEXICO** 

SOUTH AMERICA

Madagascar

USE MALAGASY REPUBLIC

MALAGASY REPUBLIC

UF MADAGASCAR

BT AFRICA

MALAYSIA

BT ASIA

**MEXICO** 

UF UNITED MEXICAN STATES

BT NORTH AMERICA

RT LATIN AMERICA

MICRONESIA

RT TRUST TERRITORY OF PACIFIC ISLANDS

Middle Congo

USE CONGO

**MOZAMBIQUE** 

UF PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA

BT AFRICA

**NETHERLANDS** 

UF HOLLAND

BT EUROPE

RT NETHERLANDS ANTILLES

SURINAM

NETHERLANDS ANTILLES

BT CARIBBEAN

RT NETHERLANDS

NEW GUINEA

RT PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

NEW ZEALAND

BT OCEANIA

**NICARAGUA** 

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

NIGER

BT AFRICA

**NIGERIA** 

BT AFRICA

NORTH AMERICA

BT AMERICA

NT CANADA

**MEXICO** 

USA

North Vietnam

USE VIETNAM DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

**OCEANIA** 

UF AUSTRALASIA

NT AUSTRALIA

FIJI

**MICRONESIA** 

NEW ZEALAND

PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

**POLYNESIA** 

PAKISTAN

BT ASIA

**PANAMA** 

BT CENTRAL AMERICA

**PARAGUAY** 

BT SOUTH AMERICA

PAPUA AND NEW GUINEA

BT OCEANIA ·

RT AUSTRALIA

NEW GUINEA

PERU

BT SOUTH AMERICA

**PHILIPPINES** 

BT ASIA

POLYNESIA

BT OCEANIA

Porto Rico

USE PUERTO RICO

Portuguese East Africa

USE MOZAMBIQUE

PORTUGUESE WEST AFRICA

RT ANGOLA

PUERTO RICO

UF PORTO RICO

BT CARIBBEAN

RT USA

REUNION

BT AFRICA

RT FRANCE

RHODESIA

BT AFRICA

Salvador

USE EL SALVADOR

SCOTLAND

BT UNITED KINGDOM

SENEGAL

BT AFRICA

SEYCHELLES

BT AFRICA

RT UNITED KINGDOM

SIERRA LEONE

BT AFRICA

SOUTH AMERICA

BT AMERICA

NT ARGENTINA

BOLIVIA

BRAZIL

CHILE

COLOMBIA

**ECUADOR** 

FALKLAND ISLANDS

FRENCH GULANA

**GUYANA** 

PERU

**PARAGUAY** 

SURINAM

URUGUAY

**VENEZUELA** 

RT LATIN AMERICA

South Vietnam

USE VIETNAM REPUBLIC

SRI LANKA

UF CEYLON

BT ASIA

SUDAN

BT AFRICA

SURINAM

BT SOUTH AMERICA

RT GULANAS

NETHERLANDS

SWEDEN

BT EUROPE

TAIWAN

UF CHINA (TAIWAN)

**FORMOSA** 

BT ASIA

TANZANIA

UF UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

BT AFRICA

Tchad

USE CHAD

THAILAND

BT ASIA

Tobago

USE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

TOGO

BT AFRICA

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

UF TOBAGO

BT CARIBBEAN

TRUST TERRITORY OF PACIFIC ISLANDS

RT MICRONESIA

UGANDA

BT AFRICA

UK

USE UNITED KINGDOM

United Arab Republic
USE EGYPT

UNITED KINGDOM

UF UK

UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND

BT EUROPE

NT ENGLAND

SCOTLAND

RT BRITISH HONDURAS

**GIBRALTAR** 

SEYCHELLES

WEST INDIES ASSOCIATED STATES

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland USE UNITED KINGDOM

United Mexican States
USE MEXICO

United Republic of Tanzania
USE TANZANIA

United States of America
USE USA

United States of Brazil
USE BRAZIL

United States Virgin Islands
USE VIRGIN ISLANDS (USA)

#### **URUGUAY**

BT SOUTH AMERICA

# USA

UF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

BT NORTH AMERICA

RT PUERTO RICO

VIRGIN ISLANDS (USA)

# **VENEZUELA**

BT SOUTH AMERICA

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